# Standardized Developmental Screening: Using the Ages and Stages Questionnaire - 3 Screening Tool

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#### **Faculty**

**Teri Pinto** 

Demonstration Site Coordinator
Alabama Assuring Better Child Health and
Development Screening Initiative
Office of Children's Services
Department of Mental Health

Theresa.Pinto@mh.alabama.gov 205-941-9904

# Part 3: Features of the ASQ-3 and ASQ-3 Administration and Scoring

Case Study: Andrew

#### Features of the ASQ-3

- 21 questionnaire intervals:
  - -2, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, and 24 months (spaced 2 months apart)
  - -27, 30, 33, and 36 months (spaced 3 months apart)
  - -42, 48, 54, and 60 months (spaced 6 months apart)

## Selecting the Correct Questionnaire

- Through the age of 24 months
  - Administer within two month "window"
  - -For example, 16 month ASQ-3 is valid from 15 months through the end of the 16th month

### Selecting the Correct Questionnaire

- Over the age of 24 months
  - -Windows have been "stretched" so that there are no gaps
  - Each interval has an age range clearly marked on the first two pages of each questionnaire

#### **Correcting for Pre-maturity**

 If child is under 24 months and premature by at least three weeks then correct for pre-maturity

#### **Correcting for Pre-maturity**

- Confirm child's exact age at time of screen
- If child is under 24 months and premature by at least three weeks then correct for pre-maturity
- Subtract weeks of pre-maturity from child's age and use that corrected age ASQ-3

#### **Calculate Age**

Confirm child's exact age at time of screen

Year Month Day Administration of ASQ-3

-Year Month Day Date of Birth

= Child's Age

#### **Exact Age**

Example

2009 10 14 ( Oct. 14, 2009 date of ASQ-3)
-2008 4 30 ( DOB)

1yr. 6 mo. -16 days

• Equals 1yr. 5 months 2 weeks 2 days = 17 ½ months

## Correcting for Prematurity: Adjusted Age

- Andrew's age is 17 1/2 months
- · Andrew was 6 weeks premature
- Next adjust Andrew's actual age by subtracting 6 weeks
- Andrews Adjusted Age is 16 months (2 days)

#### Three Main Parts of ASQ-3

- 1. Family Information Sheet
  - Date of completion- be sure correct interval ( at top left of sheet) is used
  - Allows a program/school to personalize the ASQ-3 questionnaires

#### **Three Main Parts of ASQ-3**

- 1. Family Information Sheet
  - Corrected date of birth if child is under 24 months and three or more weeks pre-mature
- 2. Developmental items questions written at 4th to 6th grade reading level
- 3. ASQ-3 Summary Sheet

#### Features: ASQ-3 Developmental Items

- Each interval of ASQ-3 has 30 questions about child's five areas of development
- Each developmental area has six questions
  - -Communication -Problem Solving
  - Gross Motor Personal Social
  - Fine Motor

#### **Features**

- Questions are in hierarchical order
  - -That is, the most difficult questions (numbers 5 and 6) are *average* skills for children of that age
  - For example, a 48-month skill for a 48-month old child

#### **Features**

- Questions are answered "yes," "sometimes," and "not yet"
- Yes = 10
- Sometimes = 5
- Not yet = 0

### Features: The Overall Section

- Unscored section used to indicate parents' concerns
- Very predictive
- Looks at quality of skills (e.g., speech, movement)

### Features: The Overall Section

- 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 month questionnaires ask questions to detect cerebral palsy:
  - "Does your baby use both hands equally well?"
  - "When you help your baby stand, are his feet flat on the surface most of the time?"

### Features: The Overall Section

 Any questionable response requires follow-up

## Features: Information Summary Sheet

- Each summary sheet is specific to an interval
- Summary sheets have five sections:
  - Bar graph of the five domain scores
  - -Overall responses section

## Features: Information Summary Sheet

- Score interpretation and recommendations
- Follow-up action taken
- Optional: item responses summary for each question

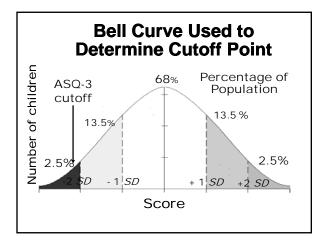
#### Follow-up/Referral Criteria

- Well above cutoff points:
  - Provide follow-up activities and rescreen at next well child visit

#### Follow-up/Referral Criteria

- · Close to cutoffs:
  - Provide follow-up activities to practice specific skills
  - Make community referrals as appropriate
  - Rescreen in 4-6 months or sooner if necessary

 The highest score the child can make is "Average"



## Information Needed to Guide Decisions: Risk and Protective Factors

- · Biological/health factors
- Environmental factors
  - -Stressful life events
  - -Social supports
  - Family/caregiving environment

## Information Needed to Guide Decisions: Risk and Protective Factors

- Developmental history
- · Family and cultural context
- Parent concerns

#### **Prescreening Activities**

- Obtain consent from the parent or caregiver
- Explain the purpose of screening to parents, and review the questionnaire content
- · Schedule the screening

#### **Prescreening Activities**

- Mail the ASQ-3 2 weeks before the visit, or leave the ASQ-3 with a parent on a previous visit to review
- Assemble materials (if necessary)

#### **Correcting for Prematurity**

- Either of the following methods can be used to determine the appropriate interval for a child
  - Use if child is three or more weeks premature, up to age two years
  - -CDOB: Add weeks of prematurity to date of birth to obtain a corrected date of birth

#### **Correcting for Prematurity**

 Adjusted age: Subtract weeks of prematurity from present age to determine corrected age

#### Scoring the ASQ-3

- Step 1: Total the points in each area:
   "yes" = 10; "sometimes" = 5; "not
   yet" = 0
- Step 2: Transfer the area totals to the Information Summary form
  - Fill in the matching circle in the space provided

#### **Scoring the ASQ-3**

- Step 3: Read the answers to the "overall" section questions carefully and respond appropriately
- Step 4: Recommend further attention or assessment for any score falling near or into the shaded area

#### **ASQ-3 Omitted Item(s)**

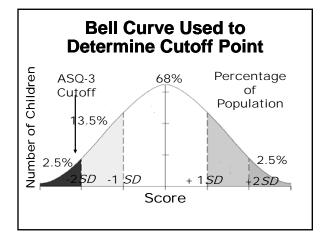
- Try to obtain answers from the family
- It is okay to omit up to two items per area
- See the ASQ-3 User's Guide for additional guidance

#### ASQ-3 Omitted Item(s)

- Calculation:
  - Step 1: Divide the total area score by the number of questions answered in that area
    - For example, 45 (points in personal social area) /5 (questions) = 9 points

#### ASQ-3 Omitted Item(s)

- -Step 2: Add this number, which is the average score for items in this area, to the total area score to get a new total score
  - For example, 45 + 9 points = new personal social area total of 54 points
- (Refer to p.4 of Quick Start Guide for Adjusted Area Score)



#### Follow-up/Referral Criteria

- Well above cutoff points:
  - Provide follow-up activities and rescreen at next well child visit

#### Follow-up/Referral Criteria

- · Close to cutoffs:
  - Provide follow-up activities to practice specific skills
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  - Rescreen in 4-6 months or sooner if necessary

#### Follow-up/Referral Criteria

- Below cutoff in one or more areas:
  - Refer for diagnostic assessment
  - Send ASQ-3 Summary Sheet
    - Age Birth to 36 months

#### Follow-up/Referral Criteria

- Age Birth to 36 months
  - -Early Intervention Child Find number, 1-800-543-3098 (or TTY 800-499-1816), or by calling the Alabama Department of Rehabilitation Services at 334-281-8780

#### Follow-up/Referral Criteria

- -Public Health Department
  Patient First Care Coordinator
  - Medicaid eligible children
- -Local school system- age 3 years and up

#### **Parental Concerns**

- · Respond to all concerns
- Screen even if between recommended age for screening
- · Refer if necessary

## Information Needed to Guide Decisions: Risk and Protective Factors

- Biological/health factors
- Environmental factors
  - -Stressful life events
  - -Social supports
  - -Family/caregiving

## Information Needed to Guide Decisions: Risk and Protective Factors

- Developmental history
- · Family and cultural context
- Parent concerns

## Communicating Screening Results

- Assure the family that the discussion is confidential
- Review the purpose of screening
- Avoid terms such as test, pass, or fail
  - Instead, use below cutoff or near cutoff

## Communicating Screening Results

- Review the ASQ-3, and explain area scores
- · Emphasize child and family strengths
- Provide specific examples of concerns
- Invite parents to share their observations and/or concerns

## Communicating Screening Results\*

- Prepare for the meeting carefully:
  - Make notes about behaviors
  - Note information you need to gather (e.g., health history) from the family
  - Select a private, comfortable place to meet

## Communicating Screening Results\*

- Prepare for the meeting carefully:
  - Consider cultural or language issues
  - -Know your community resources
  - -Be calm!
- \* From the Hilton/Early Head Start Training Program, Sonoma State University)

#### **In Summary**

- Screening tools can help bridge communication with families
- Screening tools can assist in making referrals to community agencies
- Referrals should be based on a variety of considerations in addition to scores

#### **In Summary**

- Developmental issues are very complicated
- Use available resources to make decisions about what steps to take after screening