It's Not Rocket Science: Achieving Equitable Health Outcomes: An American Indian Perspective

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Overview

- · Health disparities
- · "Health equity"
- · History of American Indian health
- Cultural considerations

Health Parity, Equality, Equity

- · Health parity
 - Reduce disparities vs. promote parity in health status
- · Health equality
 - Same health status, access to same health services for all
 - State Medicaid plan

Health Parity, Equality, Equity

- · Health equity
 - Promote social justice in health status by meeting community needs

Aboriginal People of North America

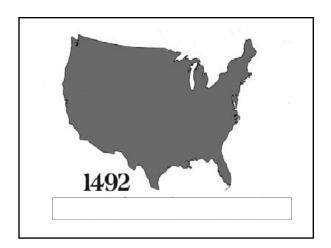
- Descendants of people occupying North American prior to 1492
- Columbus and other European explorers
- Thousands of distinct tribal groups
- Over 560 "Federally Recognized" tribes in U.S.

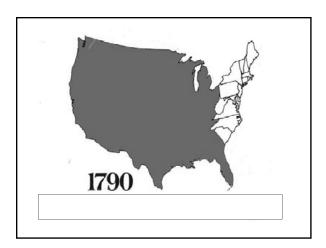
Pre-contact Health Status

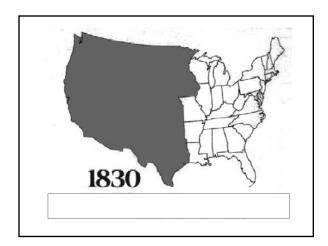
- Nutrition, growth, and development
 - –Variation in size due to genetics and environment
 - Nutrition, physical activity
 - -Pre-contact Plains children similar to modern Anglo standard
 - Pueblo children were smaller

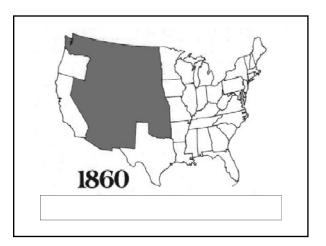
Pre-contact Health Status

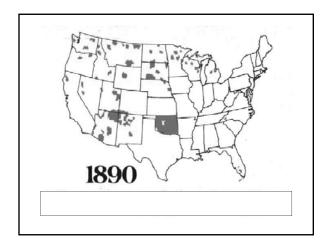
 Hunter-gatherer groups had larger stature than agricultural groups

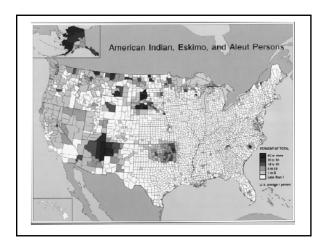


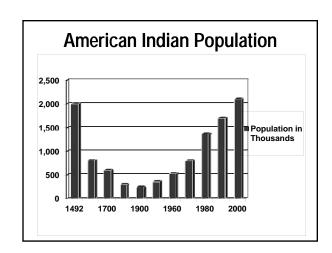


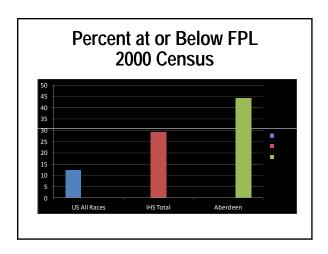


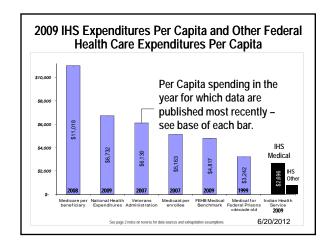












American Indian Socioeconomic Status

- A link between poverty, low educational attainment and poorer health outcomes is well established
- Heart disease, diabetes, obesity, poor blood sugar control, and low birth weight are more prevalent among individuals with low income and educational attainment

American Indian Socioeconomic Status

 American Indian population with lowest per capita income and lowest educational attainment in U.S.

American Indian Health: History and Evolution

- Post-Columbian health status
 - -1930's
 - Antibiotics developed
 - Rivers dammed

American Indian Health: History and Evolution

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American Indian Health: History and Evolution

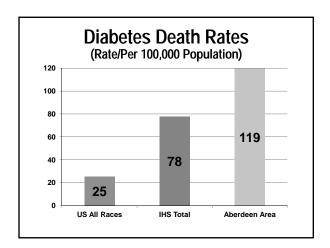
- -1940's
 - World War II
 - Commodity Foods Programs

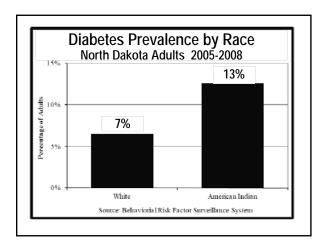
American Indian Health: History and Evolution

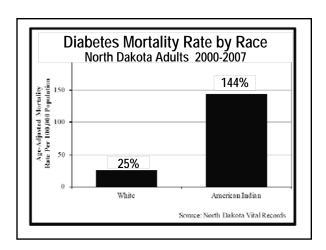
- -1970's
 - Small pox eradicated
 - Increasing rates of chronic disease
 - -Diabetes

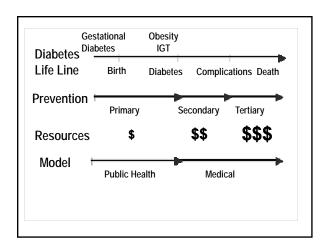
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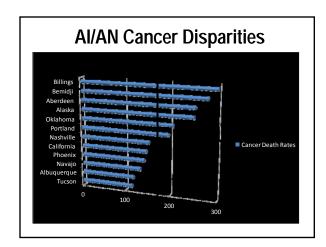
- -2000's
 - Highest rates of preventable disease in the U.S.









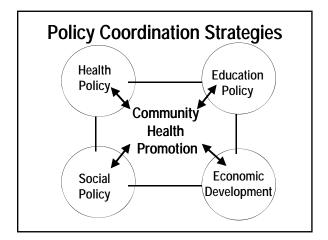


Policies, Programs, Potential Solutions

- · Poverty is killing us
 - Economic development is a public health intervention
 - -Impact of WIC on BF rates

Policies, Programs, Potential Solutions

- -Impoverished schools
 - Food and PE
- -Improvements in commodity food program



Tribal Policies

- Is obesity prevention a stated priority?
- Promote breast feeding?
- School lunch and breakfast program?
- Workplace and school physical activity?
- Fry bread policy?

Contact Information

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