The Difference the 'Difference' Makes: How Policies Impact Diverse Communities

Leading the Way in Public Health Nutrition and Physical Activity: Blazing New Trails

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The Difference the 'Difference'
Makes: How Policies Impact
Diverse Communities

The Importance of Collaboration



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Partners Conversation

- Describe a time when you were part of a collaboration or partnership that was particularly effective
 - -What did you learn about collaboration from that experience?
 - How have you applied what you learned in subsequent collaborative efforts?

Community Scaled Change

 Public health interventions to change behavior, and increase health and supportive infrastructure at a community scale

How Are People Getting This Done?



How Are People Getting This Done?



Assumptions About Collaboration

- · Who's going to do what?
 - Effective way of getting work done in resource scarce times
 - People contribute what they can
 - We meet and email to get things done

Assumptions About Collaboration

Individual efforts + good communication = sum greater than the parts

A New Way of Thinking About Collaboration

- · Collaboration as intervention
 - Requires attention and strategic approaches
 - Needs framework and intentional practice to maximize effectiveness
 - -Is a key component of successful systems change

A New Way of Thinking About Collaboration

 Builds long-term leadership and relationships for increasingly deep or broad impacts

How Do We Think About This?

- Building collaborative capacity to make change in communities
 - Improving environments and delivering education to increase public health
 - Implementing interventions

Where Do We Usually Focus?

- Building collaborative capacity to make change in communities
 - Improving environments so more mothers breastfeed their babies
 - Implementing interventions

A New Way to Think...

- Building collaborative capacity to make change in communities
 - Improving environments and delivering education so more mothers breastfeed their babies
 - Implementing interventions

The Role of Collaboration in Making Change

- Depth
- Extent
- Sustainability
- Diffusion
- Continued innovation

Impact of Investment in Collaboration

- Connect core sense of self to a sense of personal mission about the work
- Link learning of partners to program impact
- Build strong working relationships with colleagues in communities

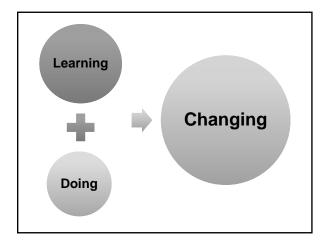
Impact of Investment in Collaboration

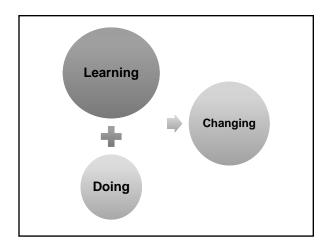
- Extend leadership across network of relationships
- Increases attendance and buy-in - EVEN on conference calls!

By paying attention to collaboration, you are building community-based, networked leadership positioned to make ongoing systems change

Ways of Thinking About Collaboration

- Doing together
- Learning together





Building a Learning Community

A Sustained Conversation of Learners to Implement Systems Change

Ways of Thinking About Learning Communities

- Every group is a learning community
- Every gathering is a learning environment
- Every participant is a learner
- People are learners together

Three Principles of Learning Communities

- 1. Partners as learners
- 2. Establishing learning objectives
- 3. Designing conversation

Principle #1: Partners as Learners



How Do Adults Learn?

- Transformative personal experience embedded in 'work' of interventions
- · Peer to peer learning
- · Reflection, dialogue, synthesis
- · Learning together
- The Law of Halfsies
- Scaffolding

What Does This mean?

- Your meetings should be designed to:
 - -Invite peer to peer exchange
 - Encourage participants to connect their personal story to the work at hand

What Does This mean?

- Provide time for reflection and constructive dialogue
- Balance discussion and presentation

Principle #2: Determining What People Need to Learn

Establishing learning objectives

Long-term and Just In Time Learning Objectives

- · Overall learning objectives
 - Those long-term outcomes that an assessment can help inform
- Meeting-specific learning objectives
 - -Those immediate objectives that you identify "what do they need to understand by the time they leave today?"

Types of Learning Objectives

- Just in time
 - -What do we need to learn from partner X to be able to make a decision today?
 - -What shared understanding to we need to establish to move forward today?

Types of Learning Objectives

- Long-term
 - -What do we need to understand about how systems change works?
 - -What are effective approaches to generating behavior change across a community?
 - -How do we build effective collaborations?

Learning Objective Examples

- Increase shared understanding of how systems change works
- Build strong collaborations that enhance impact of programs
- Improve multicultural competency of leadership group
- Learn technology options for virtual collaboration that will benefit our shared work

Today's Learning Objectives

- Generate understanding of collaboration as intervention
- Enhance capacity to apply three primary principles associated with building strong collaborations
- Practice agenda design using collaboration framework

Table Discussion

What's Important to Consider
When Developing
Learning Objectives?

Thinking Differently About Meetings...

Meetings as Sustained Conversation

Meeting as Conversation

- Standard paradigm
 - -What do we need to get done?
 - -Do we need handouts?
 - -What update do they need?

Meeting as Conversation

- Learning paradigm
 - -What are the learning objectives?
 - What component of the meeting will be dedicated to group learning?
 - -How are we designing the meeting to ensure participants "get" what they need to?

Meeting Design Principles of a Learning Community

- · Always build capacity
 - Learning what people need to learn
- Keep people participating
 - Conversation how dialogue needs to be designed and managed

Meeting Design Principles of a Learning Community

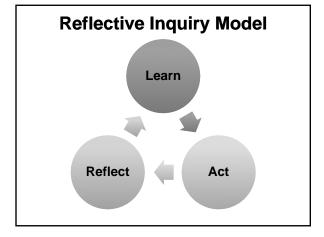
- Give time to think
 - Reflection why people need meaning-making

Table Conversation

In What Ways Do You Plan for Managing Conversation of Collaborators?

Keep People Participating

The Importance of Good Questions



Quality Questions that Produce Quality Interaction

- · What works well?
- What's important to consider?
- What questions do you have?
- What do we need to know to move forward?
- "Based on your experience and what you've heard today....."

Approaches to Stimulating Reflection

- Biographical
 - Based on your experience, what do you understand
- Retrospective
 - As you reflect on what we have done so far

Approaches to Stimulating Reflection

- Prospective
 - In looking ahead to where we need to go

Not so Good Questions

- What do you think?
- What do you like?
- What don't you like?
 - -What doesn't work?
- What are opportunities and challenges?

Not so Good Questions

- · What are issues?
 - -What is the problem?
- · What do we do?

Not So Good Group Strategies

- Small group reporting
- All large group. All. The. Time.
- · Letting quiet people sit
- Letting talkative people talk... and talk... and talk...
- Lots of updates and then "Questions?"

How Does This Work?

A Developmental Approach: Learning and Doing

Collaboration Examples

- Nuestros Raices, East Holyoke, MA
- · Peoples' Grocery, Oakland
- Cottonwood/Jackson/Redwood/ Renville County SHIP
- Minnesota Department of Health

Minnesota's Public Health System and the Community Health Services Act



SHIP – Statewide Health Improvement Program

- Intervention settings
 - -Communities
 - -Schools
 - -Worksites
 - -Childcare
 - Healthcare



Healthy Eating Coalition of State Agencies

- Department of Education
- Department of Agriculture
- Department of Human Services
- University of Minnesota
 - -School of Public Health
 - -Extension
- Department of Health





State Farm to School Leadership Team

- Formalize a shared vision and create standard definitions
- Create supportive infrastructures
 - -Regional hubs
- Increase education and TA
 - -Farmers, schools, students, families, legislators

State Farm to School Leadership Team

• Marketing campaign to increase support





Health and Nutrition Policy Education Council

- · Reduce health inequities
- Target disparate audiences
- Inform stakeholders on the impact of policies that affect healthy food access
- Communication platform for regional food policy councils
- · Resource to legislators

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