Communicating With and For the Maternal and Child Health Population: Issues and Challenges

Satellite Conference and Live Webcast Tuesday, June 28, 2011 12:00 - 1:30 p.m. Central Time

Produced by the Alabama Department of Public Health Video Communications and Distance Learning Division

Faculty

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"It was impossible to get a conversation going, everybody was talking too much." – Yogi Berra

Objectives

- Discuss issues and challenges associated with development and delivery of clear, goal-oriented MCH messages
- Describe effective, clear communication and knowledge transfer strategies for delivering MCH messages to targeted audiences

Objectives

 Identify resources to support ongoing development and delivery of effective MCH messages

Com-mu-ni-ca-tion (noun) [kuh-myoo-ni-key-shuh n]

- Verbal, nonverbal, and written sharing of information
- Skillful communication is the ability to convey information to and receive information from others effectively and is a foundation of MCH practice, policy, and research

Source: http://leadership.mchtraining.net/?page_id=122

MCHB Mission

To provide national leadership, in partnership with key stakeholders, to improve the physical and mental health, safety and well-being of the maternal and child health population which includes all of the nation's women, infants, children, adolescents, and their families, including fathers and children with special health care needs.

Determinants of Health

Behavior	40%
Genetics	30%
Environment (Public Health)	20%
Medical	10%

Source: McGinnis JM, Williams-Russo P, Knickman JR. Health Affairs. 2002 Mar-Apr;21(2):78-93

MCH Communication Issues

- Audience
 - Culture, experience, and social networks
 - -Language and literacy
 - -Age

MCH Communication Issues

- Transformation
 - -Emerging evidence
 - -Emerging issues
 - -Funding and timing

MCH Communication Issues

- -Systems and technology
 - Volume and capacity
 - Organizational structure
 - Generational expectations
- -Affordable Care Act

Health Literacy and Numeracy

- · Health literacy
 - The capacity to obtain, process, and understand basic health information and services needed to make appropriate health decisions

Health Literacy and Numeracy

- Numeracy
 - The ability to use math skills in daily life
- About 40% of adult Americans have low health literacy or numeracy
- Estimated annual economic impact >\$200 billion

- National Assessment of Adult Literacy (2003)

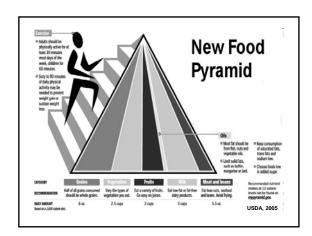
Effective Strategies to Address Low Literacy and Numeracy

- Tailor material to the individual or group
- Use pictures
- Simplify
 - -Avoid jargon
- Use concrete examples



Effective Strategies to Address Low Literacy and Numeracy

- · Focus on behaviors and actions
- Teach back
 - -Close the loop



MyPlate - USDA (June 2011)

- · Balancing calories
 - Enjoy your food, but eat less
 - Avoid oversized portions



MyPlate - USDA (June 2011)

- · Foods to increase
 - Make half your plate fruits and vegetables
 - Make at least half your grains whole grains
 - Switch to fat-free or low-fat (1%) milk

MyPlate - USDA (June 2011)

- · Foods to reduce
 - Compare sodium in foods like soup, bread, and frozen meals
 - Choose the foods with lower numbers
 - Drink water instead of sugary drinks

2007 Non-smoker Protection Act

- Tax increase
- Cessation support funding
- Smoke-free zones





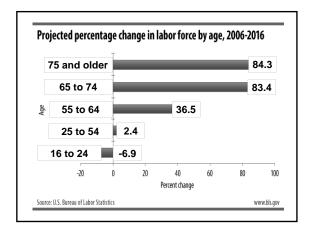






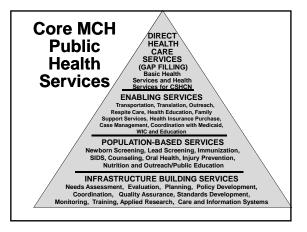
Future Workforce

- Good news
- Other news
- Knowledge transfer and succession planning



Knowledge Transfer Strategies

- · Job-shadowing and mentoring
- Document processes
- · Storyboards and storytelling
- Technology and information access
- · Managing the "retiree base"
 - Adapted from: Rothwell WJ. 2004. Knowledge transfer: 12 strategies for succession management. IPMA-HR News, pp.10-11.

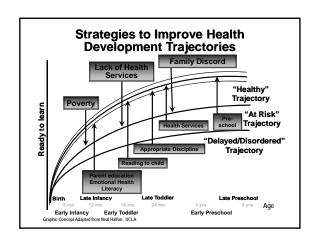


The Paradigm Shift: Life Course Perspective

- Ecological Models and Social Determinants of Health http://mchb.hrsa.gov/lifecourseappro ach.html
 - -Today's experiences and exposures determine tomorrow's health

The Paradigm Shift: Life Course Perspective

- Health capacity is strongly affected by the broader environment
- Outcomes reflect more than genetics and personal choice
- Weathering, cumulative, or allostatic load
- -Critical or sensitive periods





"There are some people who, if they don't already know, you can't tell 'em." – Yogi Berra

A New Way to Talk About Social Determinants (RWJF, 2010)

- http://www.rwjf.org/files/research/vp messageguide20101029.pdf
- Two conceptual components to social determinants of health
 - Context where we live, learn, work, and play
 - Disparities race, ethnicity, class

A New Way to Talk About Social Determinants (RWJF, 2010)

- 84% Americans view their health as something largely under their control and for which they have to take personal responsibility
- · Key message:
 - Health starts where we live, learn, work, and play

Facts About Facts

- · Less is more
- · Use complimentary data
 - -One fact to underscore an issue
 - One fact to highlight a promising approach
- Make numbers memorable
 - -"About 25%" vs. "23.97%"

Facts About Facts

- Break down large numbers
 - Health insurance costs:
 \$3/day for every American
 vs.
 \$10 trillion/10 years

Source: RWJF. 2010. A new way to talk
 should apply determinants of books.

Phrases to Avoid When Talking About Social Determinants of Health

- Equal, equality, equalizing
- · Leveling the playing field
- Creating balance
- Unjust/injustice
- Outrage
- Immoral
- Unconscionable

Social Determinants of Health Common Ground

- Notions of journey and resource availability, fairness, and choice
 - -Fair chance for good health
 - Opportunities for better health choices
 - -Giving a fair shot in all communities

Social Determinants of Health Common Ground

- Enabling people to choose the right path
- Giving tools to make better decisions

 Source: RWJF. 2010. A new way to talk about social determinants of health.

Lessons from Other Disciplines

- Social marketing
 - Influence behavior to improve health or benefit society
 - Systematic, consumer-focused data collection, program development, and program delivery (Thackery & Neiger, 2000)
 - Multiple contacts and venues for "stickiness"

Lessons from Other Disciplines

- Neuromarketing (Lindstrom, Buy-ology, 2008)
 - -Behavior is predictable
 - Most decisions about behavior occur below the level of awareness

Lessons from Other Disciplines

- Social/emotional connections and group dynamics
 - Other evidence (Brooks, Social Animal, 2011; Gladwell, Tipping Point, 2002, Blink, 2007: Heath & Heath, Switch, 2010; Lehrer, How We Decide, 2009; Patterson, Grenny, & Maxfield, et al., Influencer, 2008)

Lessons from Other Disciplines

- Aviation
 - Clear communication and shared mental models (Helmreich, Salas)
 - Knowledge, Attitude, Skills,
 Dynamics, Environment (Lee, et al. http://www.eric.ed.gov/PDFS/ED48
 5027.pdf; Salas, et al. Team
 Effectiveness, 2009)

Keys to MCH Communication and Advocacy Success

- Focus on HEALTH
- · Know your audience
- · Seek common ground
- · Use data for "support"
- Simplify
- Use local stories and pictures

Keys to MCH Communication and Advocacy Success

- · Clarify benefits
- Reinforce
- Teach back
- · Acknowledge, praise, thanks

References and Additional Resources *Webbased links cited current as of June 20, 2011

- AMCHP. 2009. The Power of Prevention for Mothers and Children: The Cost Effectiveness of Maternal and Child Health Interventions. Michelle M. Alletto, Ed.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 2010. Winnable Battles. http://www.cdc.gov/WinnableBattles/
- MCHB. A Life Course Approach Resource Guide Developed by the MCH Training Program. http://mchb.hrsa.gov/lifecourseapproach.html
- National Network of Public Health Training Centers:
- Communication bundle
- http://www.asph.org/userfiles/PHTC_FINALCommunicationbundle.pdf
- Health Literacy bundle
- http://www.asph.org/userfiles/PHTC_FINALHealthLiteracybundle.pdf
- National Prevention Council. National Prevention Strategy. Washington, DC: USDHHS, Office of the Surgeon General, 2011. http://www.healthcare.gov/center/councils/nphpphc/strategy/report.pdf

References and Additional Resources *Webbased links cited current as of June 20, 2011

- Niederdeppe J, Bu LQ, Borah P, Kindig DA, Robert SA. 2008. Message Design Strategies to Raise Public Awareness of Social Determinants of Health and Population Health Disparities. The Milbank Quarterly 86(3):481-513.
- Olshansky SJ, et al., 2005. A Potential Decline in Life Expectancy in the United States in the 21st Century. NEJM 352:1138-1145.
- Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. 2010. A new way to talk about the social determinants of health.
 http://www.rwjf.org/files/research/vpmessageguide20101029.pdf
- The Affordable Care Act: One Year Later.
 http://www.healthcare.gov/law/introduction/index.html

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