Dealing With Difficult People

Kenneth Harrison Workforce Development Program Coordinator Alabama Department of Public Health "It is not about changing other people, but it is about changing <u>how we respond</u> to them in order to work together effectively."

Effective People



- 1. Themselves
- 2. Reactions
- 3. Concentrate
- 4. Positive Attitude
- 5. Adapt

Changing How We Respond to Difficult People

- · Communication Skills
- Listening Skills
- · Emotional Intelligence
- Positive Attitude

Verbal/Nonverbal Communications Words Tone 38%

Verbal Communications

- · Your Words . . .
 - Ensure clear, effective communication
 - Can create a negative connotation

Negative Language Can cause harm when none was meant Can create conflict Can cause mistrust and destroy relationships Negative Language Creates a more effective message Allows for positive results Builds more solid and trusting relationships Increases professionalism

Verbal Communications

Negative Language

- · I'll get back with you as soon as possible
- · It's Department policy
- · I don't know
- · We've always done it that way
- · I'll try to take care of that today
- · Just calm down
- · That's not my responsibility

Vocal Communications



- Tone
- ✓ Pitch
- ✓ Inflection
- ✓ Rate
- ✓ Volume
- Diction

Visual/Body Language

- · Body language sources
 - Eye Contact
 - Facial Expressions
 - Posture
 - Handshake/Elbow Bump

Listening Skills



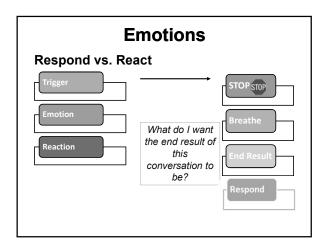
"Most people do not listen with the intent to understand; they listen with the intent to reply."

Stephen Covey

Listening Skills

- · Hearing vs. Listening
- Listening Challenges
 - ✓ Distractions
 - ✓ Listening Patterns
 - ✓ The Conversation in our Head
 - √ The Myth of Multi-tasking

Listening Skills Active Listening Focus Show Clarify Paraphrase



Empathetic Listening Defusing Emotions Technique

Empathetic Listening

- First Deal with the emotions
 - Let the customer vent
 - Be a good listener
 - Acknowledge feelings
 - Summarize and restate often
- · Second Deal with the issues
 - Focus on problem solving
 - Explain what you will do

Characteristics of Difficult People



- 1. Disrespectful
- 2. Uncooperative
- 3. Abrasive
- 4. Dramatic
- 5. Worsens with Conflict

Difficult Personalities

- Intimidators
- Indecisives
- · Know it alls
- Placaters
- Toxics
- Socializers
- Explosives
- Detached
- Negativists
- Micromanagers

Intimidators

- Characteristics
 - Want control by intimidation
 - Abrupt, aggressive, egotistical
 - Confrontational and sometimes angry
- · Dealing with the intimidators
 - Stand ground be assertive
 - Talk facts and avoid opinions
 - Provide signal that you are capable
 - Your goal respect and support

Know it alls

- Characteristics
 - Want control by information
 - Knowledgeable, self confident, egotistical
 - Low tolerance for correction
- · Dealing with know it alls
 - Do the research know the facts
 - Have documentation available
 - Focus on exploring other options/solutions
 - Your goal open their mind to new ideas

Toxics

- Characteristics
 - Want to make others look bad
 - Opinionated and outspoken
 - Truly believe the ends justify the means
- Dealing with toxics
 - Discourage sarcasm and gossip
 - Focus on issues, not personalities
 - Ask questions instead of becoming defensive
 - Your goal cooperation with others

Explosives

- Characteristics
 - Want quick relief from stress
 - Explode dramatically and unexpectedly
 - Attack others directly including messengers
- · Dealing with explosives
 - Allow time to vent
 - Use phrases to let know you are listening
 - Ask questions instead of becoming defensive
 - Your goal rational thinking (emotion cube)

Negativists

- Characteristics
 - Want to avoid change
 - Fear the unknow
 - Feel helpless and overwhelmed
- · Dealing with negativists
 - Acknowledge and diffuse negative issues
 - Challenge them to find positives
 - Focus on problem solving
 - Your goal form problem solving alliance

Indecisives

- Characteristics
 - Want to avoid mistakes
 - Fear receiving criticism
 - Fear causing hurt feelings
- Dealing with indecisives
 - Clarify issues and expectations
 - Look for similar precedents
 - Focus on facts over feelings
 - Your goal help them think decisively

Placaters

- Characteristics
 - Want to avoid conflict to be popular
 - Avoid conflict by being overly agreeable
 - Over commits, poor task management
- · Dealing with placaters
 - Encourage honest participation
 - Avoid being overly critical
 - Focus on specific actions and steps
 - Your goal help them think decisively

Socializers

- Characteristics
 - Want more parties less work
 - Difficulty focusing easily distracted
 - Loves to visit loves to talk
- Dealing with socializers
 - Limit interactions, be concise respectfully
 - Don't be afraid to set boundaries time
 - Redirect attention to work issues
 - Your goal better time management

Detached (But Still Present)

- Characteristics
 - Want minimum involvement
 - Low level of enthusiasm for their job
 - May be embittered or burned out
- · Dealing with the detached
 - Be a cheerleader encourage more action
 - Volunteer to fill voids
 - Ask open ended questions
 - Your goal to do more or delegate more.

Micromanagers

- Characteristics
 - Want complete control of everything
 - Difficulty delegating
 - Difficulty trusting others
- · Dealing with the micromanager
 - Seek clear agreement on assignments
 - Be very detail on progress reports
 - Answer questions quickly and completely
 - Your goal trusting relationship

Professional and Customer Service Tips

- Always remain professional with customers
- · Don't focus on problems only solutions
- Use active listening skills
- · Demonstrate empathy with customers
- Be mindful of my non-verbal communication
- · Be mindful of verbal communication

Professional and Customer Service Tips

- · Diffuse conflict with customers
- · Apologize when a mistake is made
- · Demonstrate patience in communication
- · Mirror your customer
- · Acknowledge customers promptly
- · Pay attention to details
- Maintain a POSITIVE ATTITUDE!

Thank You!