

Diabetes Management 2011

Satellite Conference and Live Webcast
Thursday, November 9, 2011
2:00 – 4:00 p.m. Central Time

Produced by the Alabama Department of Public Health
Video Communications and Distance Learning Division

Faculty

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Projected Growth of Diabetes in the United States

- Number of Americans with Diabetes in 2007: 18.5 million
- Projected number of Americans with Diabetes in 2025/50: 50 million
- Projected increase of Diabetes from 2005-2025 by gender
 - Women: 2 in 5
 - Men: 1 in 3

Projected Growth of Diabetes in the United States

- Projected increase of Diabetes from 2005-2025/50 by race/ethnicity
 - Hispanics – 481% (projected population growth: 188%)
 - Blacks – 208% (projected population growth: 71%)
 - Whites – 113% (projected population growth: 7%)

– Diabetes Care, February 2008

Modern Life Has Both Conveniences and Costs

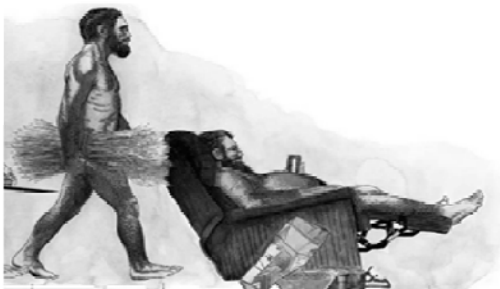
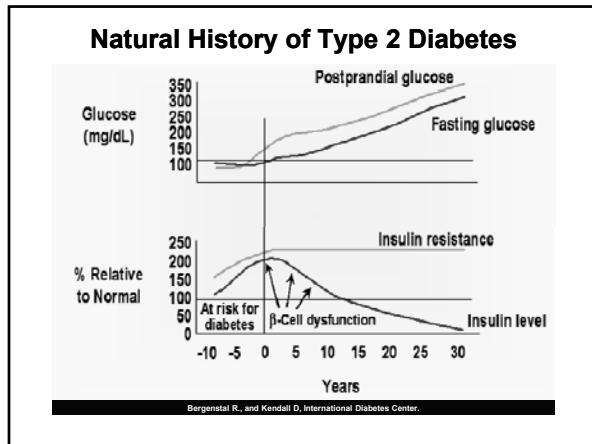


Illustration from: Lambert C., Bing C., The Way We Eat Now. Harvard Magazine. May-June, 2004:50.

What Are the Diseases Called Diabetes?

- IGT, IFG, pre-diabetes
- Type 1 DM
- Type 2 DM
- Gestational DM
- Secondary Diabetes
- Type 1 ½
- Type 3



The Pathogenesis of Type 2 Diabetes

- An imbalance of beta-cell workload and beta-cell response

The Pathogenesis of Type 2 Diabetes

- Increased beta-cell workload
 - \uparrow Insulin resistance
 - Obesity
 - \uparrow Food intake
 - \uparrow Gastric emptying
 - \uparrow Rate of nutrient absorption

The Pathogenesis of Type 2 Diabetes

- \uparrow Glucagon secretion
- \uparrow Hepatic glucose output

The Pathogenesis of Type 2 Diabetes

- Decreased beta-cell response
 - \downarrow Insulin secretion in response to elevated glucose
 - \downarrow First-phase insulin response

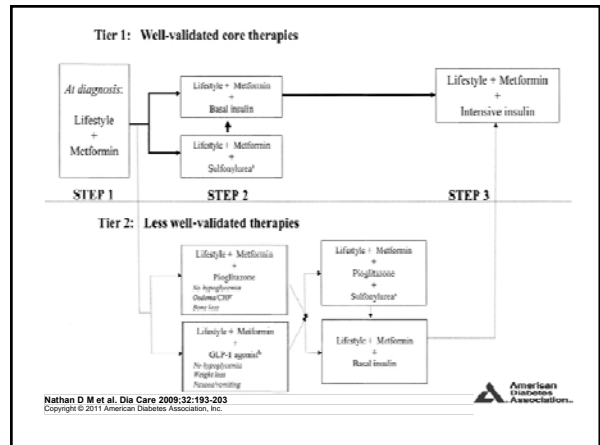
The ABC's of Diabetes Management

- A \rightarrow A₁C
- B \rightarrow blood pressure
- C \rightarrow cholesterol
- D \rightarrow diet
- E \rightarrow exercise



Algorithm for the Metabolic Management of Type 2 Diabetes

- Reinforce lifestyle interventions at every visit and check A1C every 3 months until A1C is <7% and then at least every 6 months



Major Classes of Medications

Thiazolidinediones Biguanides	1. Sensitize the body to insulin and/or control hepatic glucose production
Sulfonylureas Meglitinides	2. Stimulate the pancreas to make more insulin
Alpha-glucosidase inhibitors	3. Slow the absorption of starches
Insulin	4. DUH!
BABR's	5. Unknown mechanism of action
Incretins	6. GLP-1's, Amylin Analogs