## ABCCEDP Eligibility Criteria

- Women with a household income at or below 250% of the Federal Poverty Level
- Women who have no insurance or are underinsured
- Women who meet the age and other eligibility requirements as described below

### Breast Cancer Screening

- **Women (Average Risk) age 50-64**
  - CBE and Mammogram *every* year

- **Women (Average Risk) age 40-49**
  - CBE and Mammogram *every other* year

- **Women (Average Risk) age 40-49 with breast complaints:**
  - Breast complaints include bloody nipple discharge, dimpling, or discrete palpable mass. This does NOT include pain in the absence of other clinical findings
  - CBE, Mammogram, and Diagnostics

- **Women (Average Risk) under 40 years of age**
  - Breast Mass *and* one of the following:
    - 1st degree relative with breast cancer
    - Bloody nipple discharge expressed by Provider during CBE
  - CBE, Mammogram and/or Ultrasound, and Diagnostics

- **Women (High Risk) age 40-64 (must meet one of the following):**
  - Personal history of breast cancer or known genetic mutation such as BRCA 1 or 2
    - (Must have documentation of breast cancer and/or genetic mutation)
  - 1st degree relative with pre-menopausal breast cancer or known genetic mutation such as BRCA 1 or 2
    - (Must have documentation of breast cancer and/or genetic mutation)
  - Greater than 20% lifetime risk of breast cancer based on risk assessment models largely dependent on family history
    - (For women 35+: [www.cancer.gov/bcrisktool](http://www.cancer.gov/bcrisktool) and women under 35 use: [www.crahealth.com/risk-express](http://www.crahealth.com/risk-express))
    - History of radiation treatment to chest area before age of 30 (typically for Hodgkin’s Lymphoma)
  - CBE, Mammogram and MRI *annually*

- **Women age 65 or older with no insurance or Medicare Part A only**
  - CBE and Mammogram *every* year

### Cervical Cancer Screening

- **Women (Average Risk) age 21-64 (Those NOT eligible for Family Planning Services)**
  - Ages 21–29: Pap test only every 3 years
  - Ages 30-64: Co-test every 5 years, or Pap test every 3 years

- **Women (High risk) any age with a past personal history (biopsy) of CIN II, CIN III, or invasive cervical cancer**
  - Follow ASCCP recommended guidance for surveillance after treatment and follow up, thereafter for at least 20 years post treatment

- **Women age 21-39 with Family Planning who need cervical diagnostic follow-up services for abnormal cervical cancer screening results**
  - Follow ASCCP guidelines regarding appropriate cervical cancer diagnostics and follow-up

- **Women (High Risk) ages 21-64 (those not eligible for Family Planning) with one of the following:**
  - Diethylstilbestrol (DES) exposure in utero,
  - Immuno-compromised due to health condition,
  - Organ transplantation
  - Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
  - Ages 21-29: Annual Pap test (For those not eligible for Family Planning)
  - Ages 30-64: Co-test every 3 years, or Annual Pap test (For those not eligible for Family Planning)

- **Women age 65 or older with no insurance or Medicare Part A only** if meets ASCCP guidelines for screening