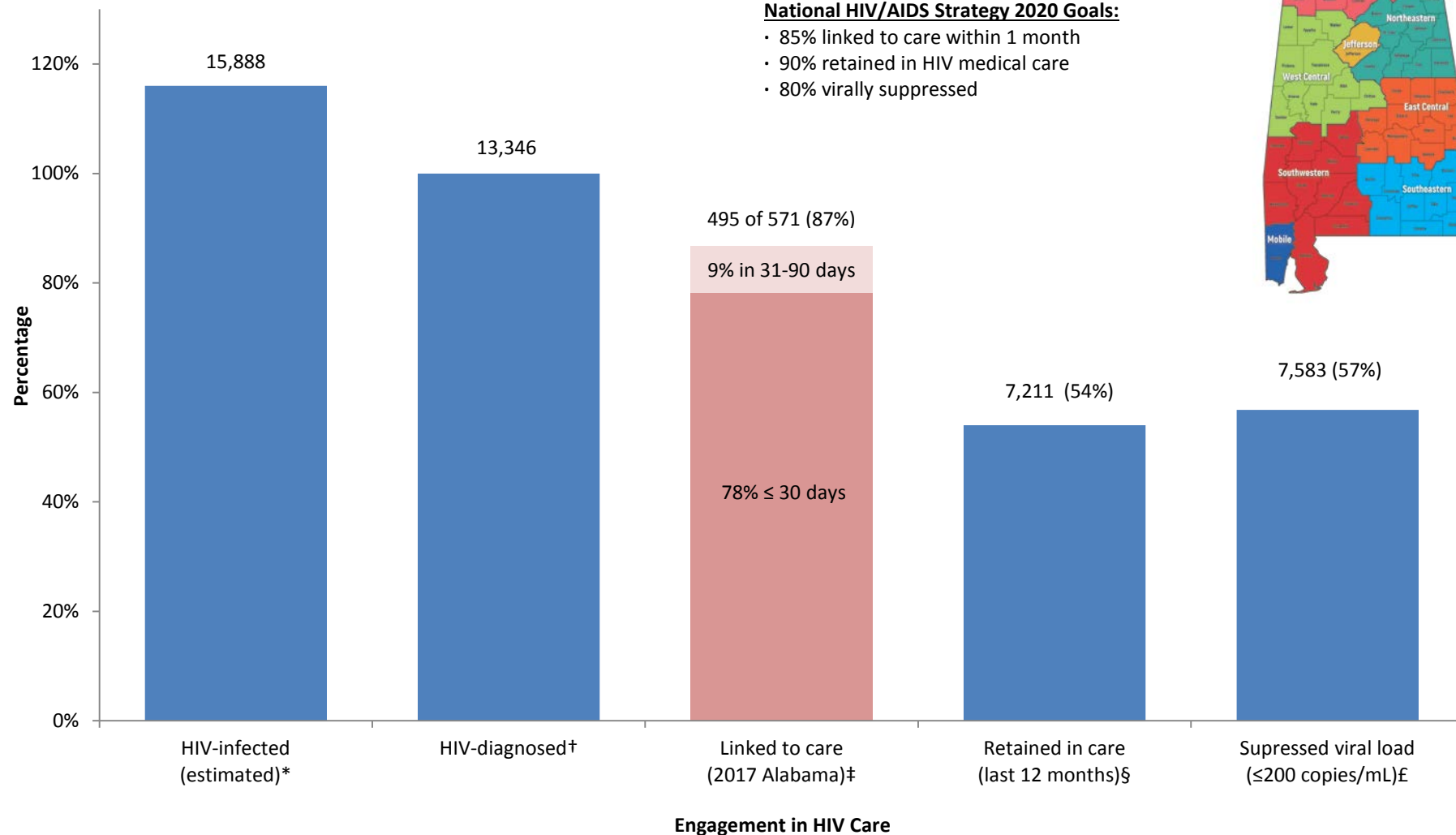


Alabama Statewide Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV--2017 Preliminary Data



*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

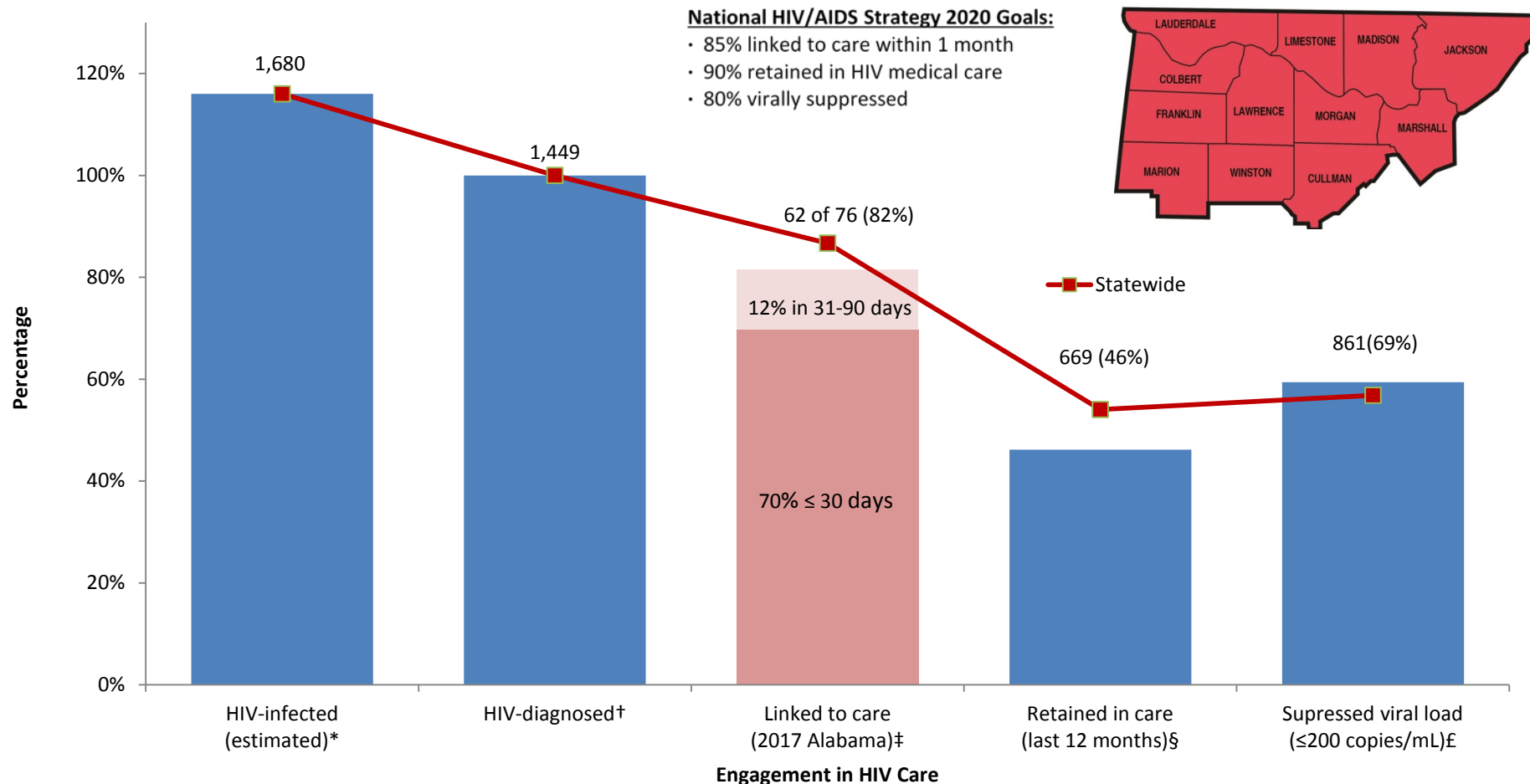
†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

§Calculated as the percentage of persons accessing care during 2017, evidenced by ≥2 CD4 and/or viral load tests collected at least 90 days apart, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

£Calculated as the percentage of persons who had suppressed viral load (≤200 copies/mL) during 2017, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

Alabama Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV, Northern District--2017 Preliminary Data



Note: Public Health Northern District includes Colbert, Cullman, Franklin, Jackson, Marion, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison, Marshall, Morgan, and Winston Counties.

*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

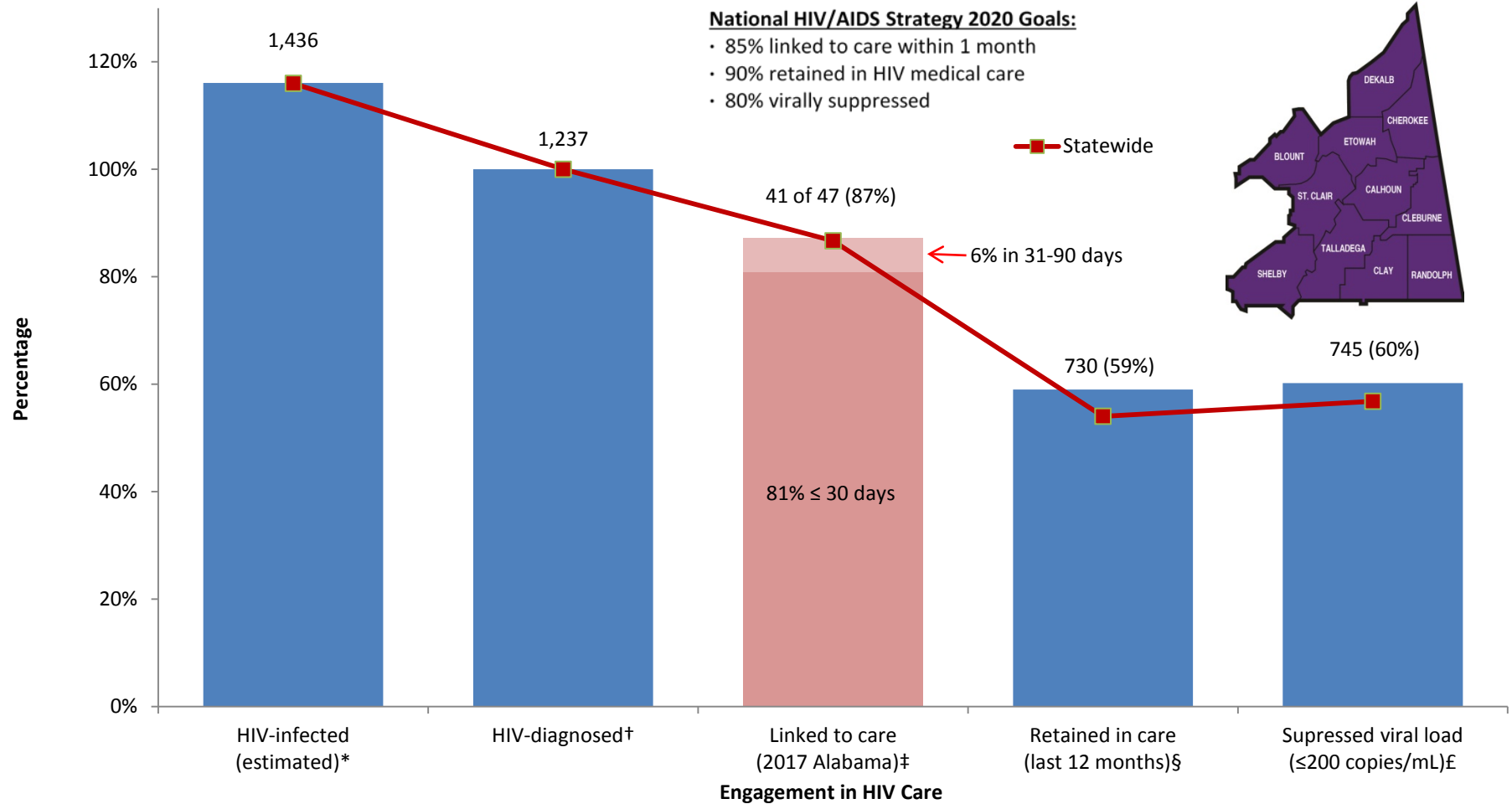
†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

§Calculated as the percentage of persons accessing care during 2017, evidenced by ≥2 CD4 and/or viral load tests collected at least 90 days apart, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

£Calculated as the percentage of persons who had suppressed viral load (<=200 copies/mL) during 2017, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

Alabama Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV, Northeastern District--2017 Preliminary Data



Note: Public Health Northeastern District includes Blount, Calhoun, Cherokee, Clay, Cleburne, DeKalb, Etowah, Randolph, St. Clair, Shelby, and Talladega Counties.

*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

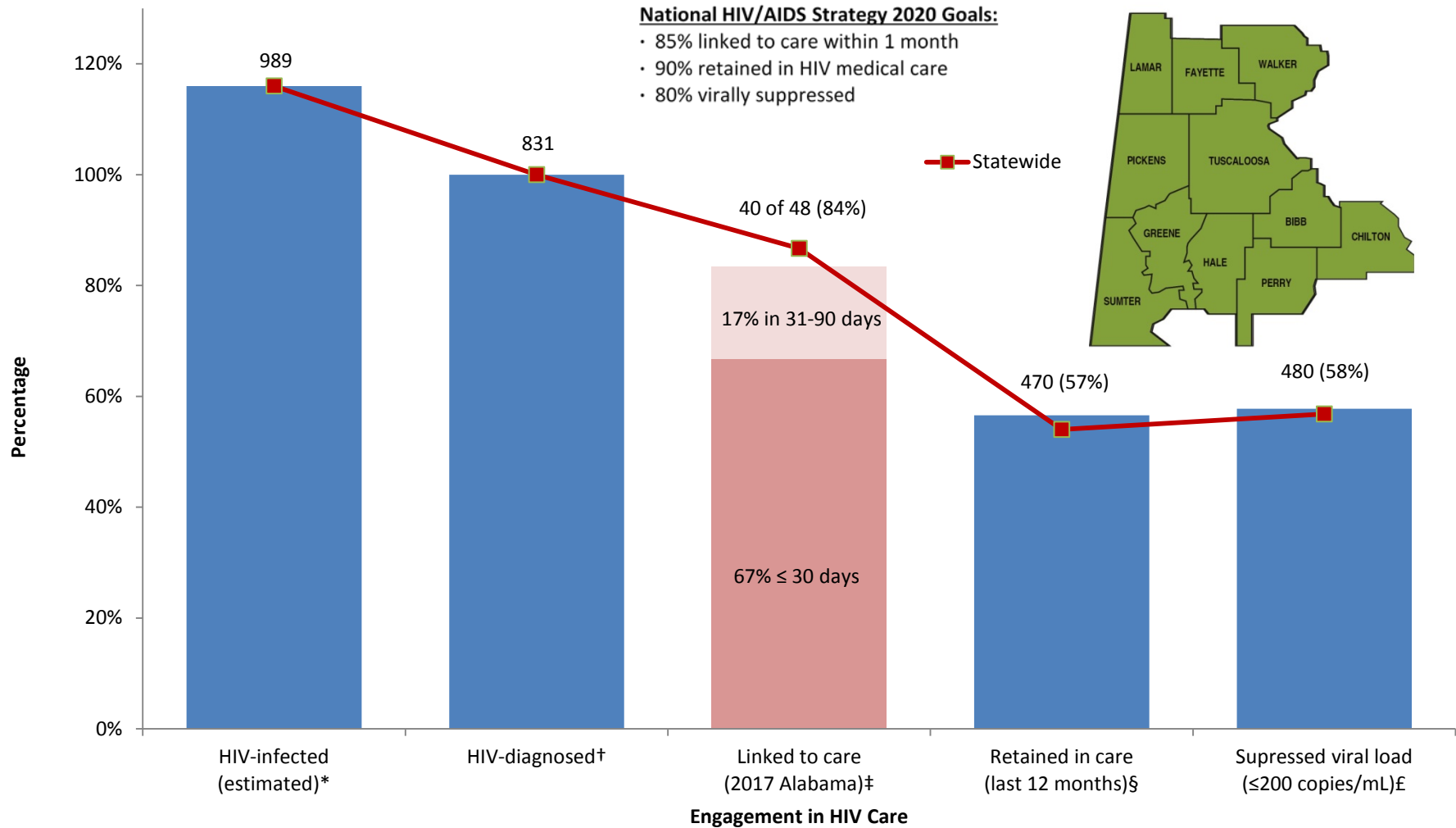
†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

§Calculated as the percentage of persons accessing care during 2017, evidenced by ≥2 CD4 and/or viral load tests collected at least 90 days apart, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

£Calculated as the percentage of persons who had suppressed viral load (≤200 copies/mL) during 2017, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

Alabama Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV, West Central District—2017 Preliminary Data



Note: Public Health West Central District includes Bibb, Chilton, Fayette, Greene, Hale, Lamar, Perry, Pickens, Sumter, Tuscaloosa, and Walker Counties.

*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

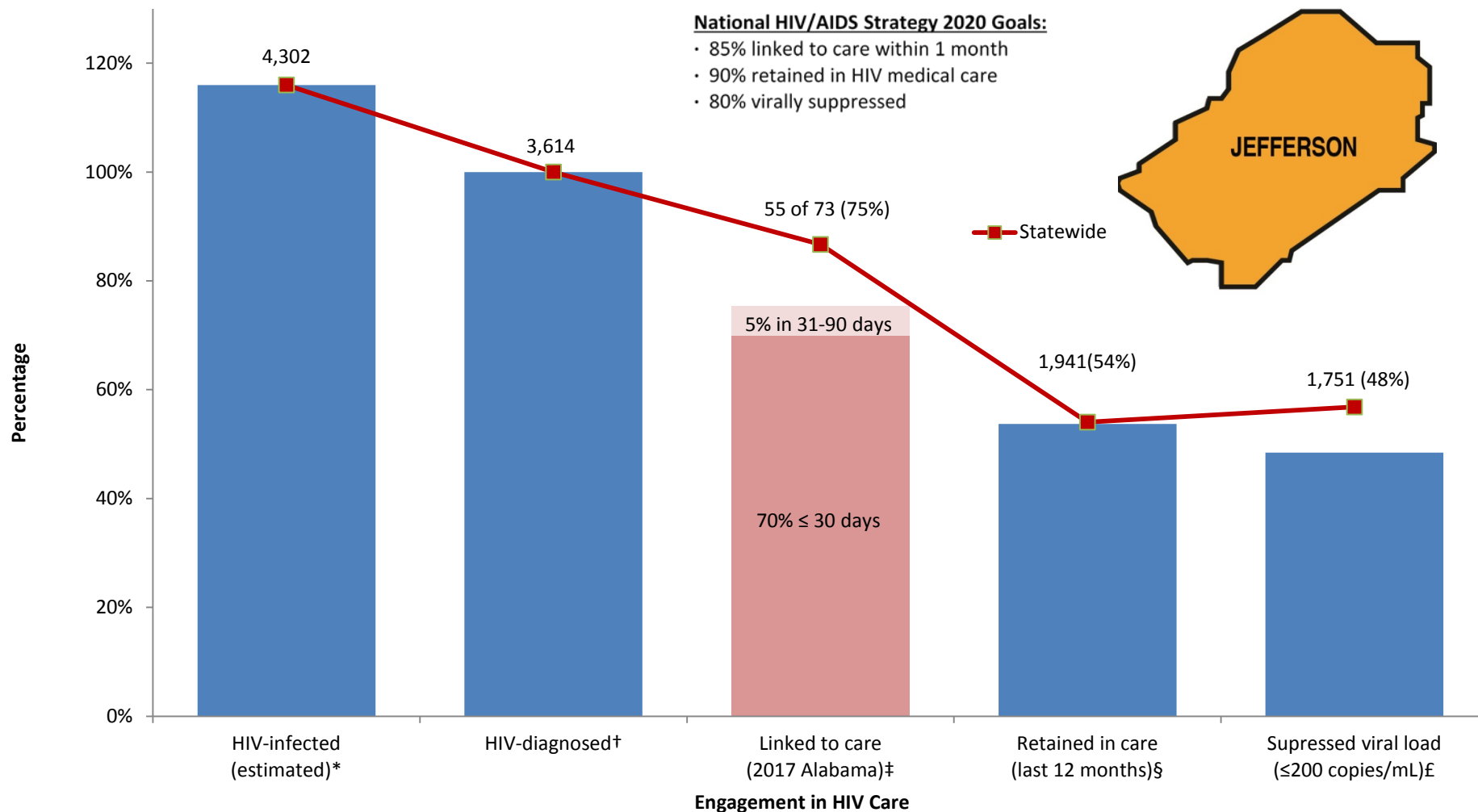
†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

§Calculated as the percentage of persons accessing care during 2017, evidenced by ≥2 CD4 and/or viral load tests collected at least 90 days apart, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

£Calculated as the percentage of persons who had suppressed viral load (≤200 copies/mL) during 2017, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

Alabama Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV, Jefferson County District--2017 Preliminary Data



Note: Public Health Jefferson County District includes only Jefferson County.

*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

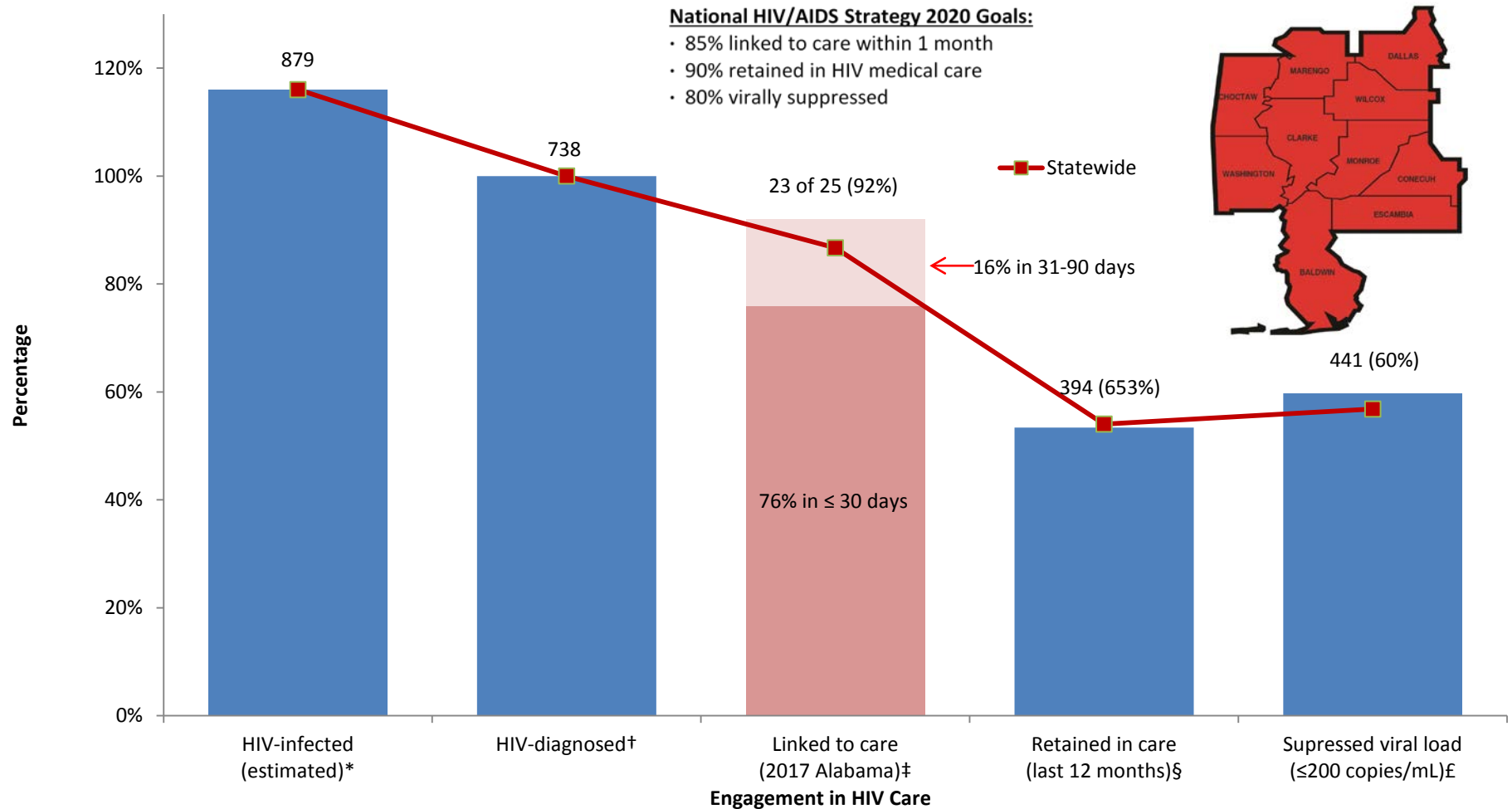
†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

§Calculated as the percentage of persons accessing care during 2017, evidenced by ≥2 CD4 and/or viral load tests collected at least 90 days apart, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

¶Calculated as the percentage of persons who had suppressed viral load (≤200 copies/mL) during 2017, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

Alabama Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV, Southwestern District—2017 Preliminary Data



Note: Public Health Southwestern District includes Baldwin, Choctaw, Clarke, Conecuh, Dallas, Escambia, Marengo, Monroe, Washington and Wilcox Counties.

*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

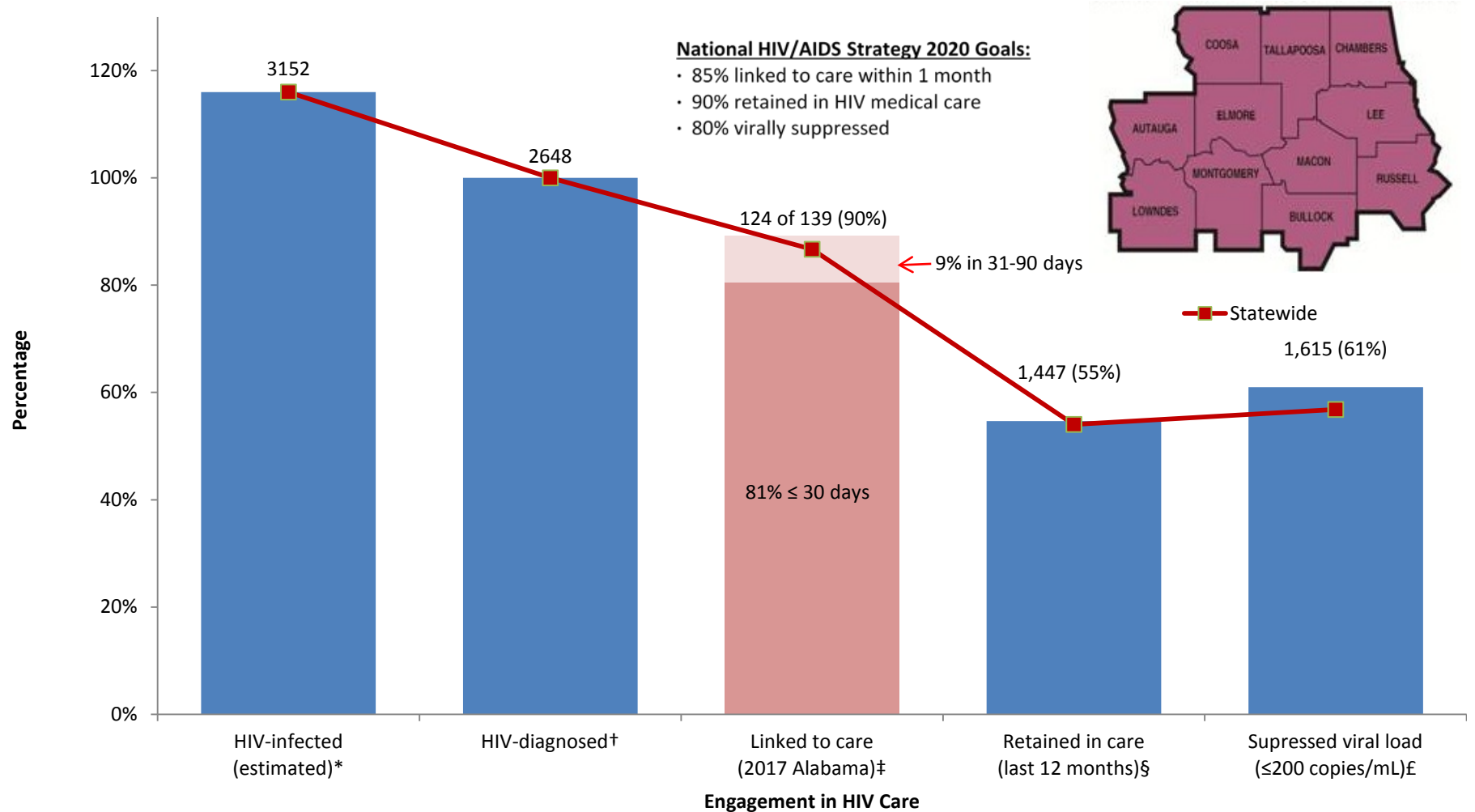
†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

§Calculated as the percentage of persons accessing care during 2017, evidenced by ≥2 CD4 and/or viral load tests collected at least 90 days apart, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

£Calculated as the percentage of persons who had suppressed viral load (≤200 copies/mL) during 2017, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

Alabama Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV, East Central District—2017 Preliminary Data



Note: Public Health East Central District includes Autauga, Bullock, Chambers, Coosa, Elmore, Lee, Lowndes, Macon, Montgomery, Russell, and Tallapoosa Counties.

*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

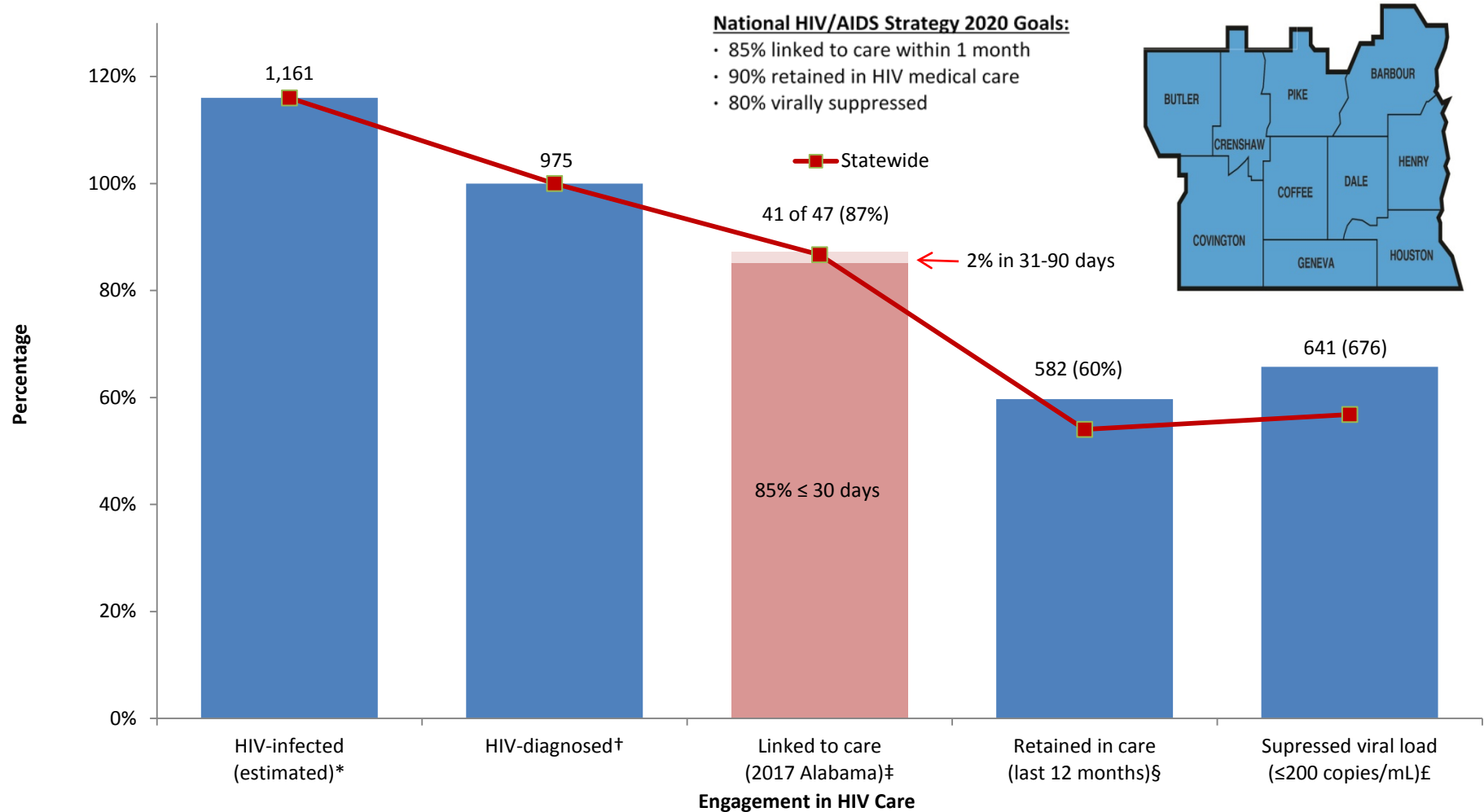
†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

§Calculated as the percentage of persons accessing care during 2017, evidenced by ≥2 CD4 and/or viral load tests collected at least 90 days apart, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

£Calculated as the percentage of persons who had suppressed viral load (≤200 copies/mL) during 2017, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

Alabama Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV, Southeastern District—2017 Preliminary Data



Note: Public Health Southeastern District includes Barbour, Butler, Coffee, Covington, Crenshaw, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Houston and Pike Counties.

*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

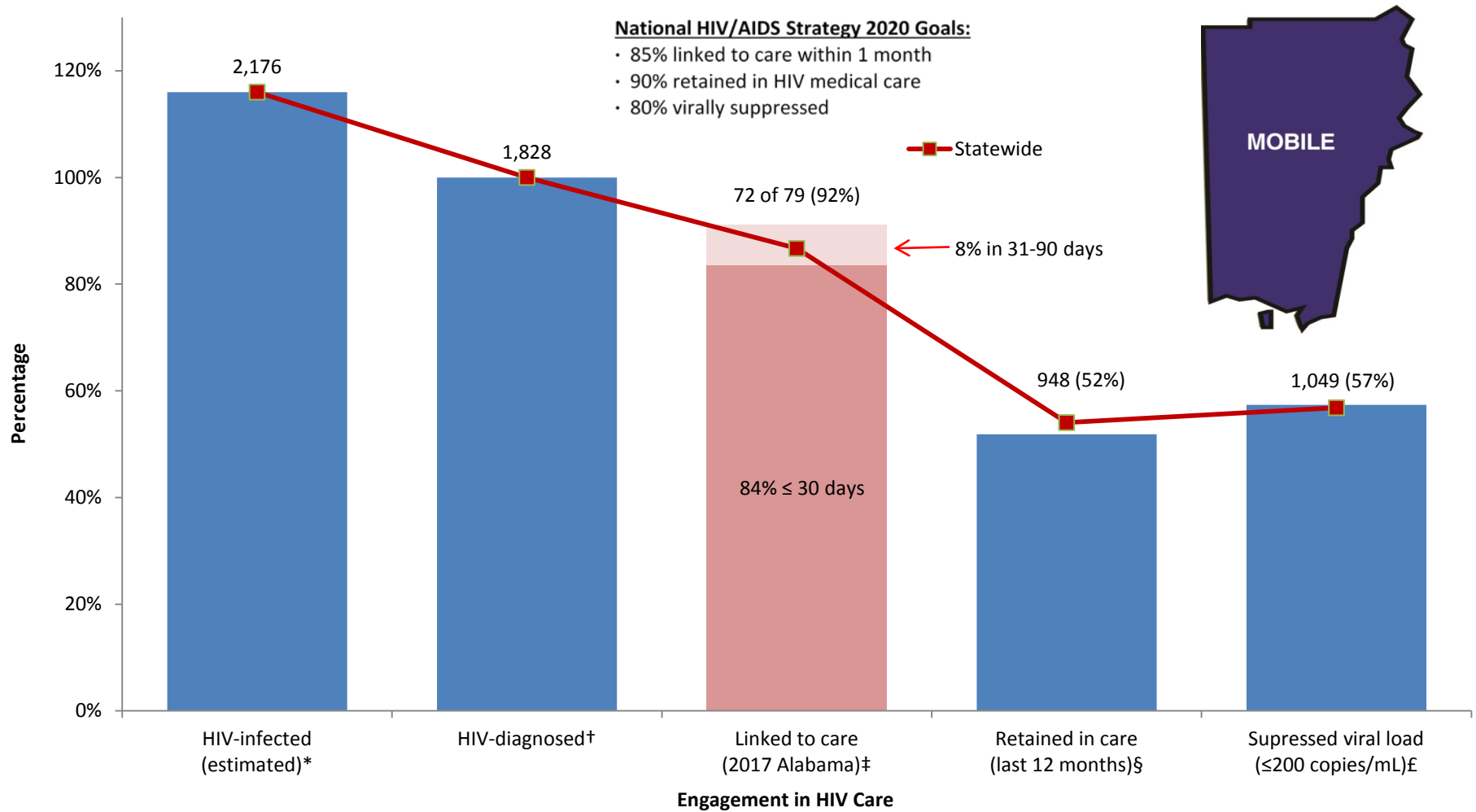
†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

§Calculated as the percentage of persons accessing care during 2017, evidenced by ≥2 CD4 and/or viral load tests collected at least 90 days apart, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

£Calculated as the percentage of persons who had suppressed viral load (<=200 copies/mL) during 2017, among those diagnosed with HIV through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

Alabama Continuum of Care for Persons Living with HIV, Mobile County District--2017 Preliminary Data



Note: Public Health Mobile County District includes only Mobile County.

*Estimated by applying Alabama’s HIV-prevalence estimate (84.0%) to the number of persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017 (i.e., 84% of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection in Alabama are aware of their infection and 16%, or 1 in 6 HIV-positive individuals, are unaware of their infection).

†Defined as persons diagnosed with HIV infection through December 31, 2017 and alive as of December 31, 2017.

‡Calculated as the percentage of persons linked to care, evidenced by ≥1 CD4 and/or viral load test(s) within 90 days of diagnosis, among those newly diagnosed with HIV infection during 2017. **Note: 2017 data should be interpreted with extreme caution as not all reported cases have been investigated and entered into the HIV Surveillance database. Newly diagnosed data accessed 02.28.2018.**

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