10 Core HIV Prevention Tasks for Network Subcommittees

- 1. Bridge gaps with consumers using focus groups, chat rooms, and panel discussions with emphasis on utilizing HIV positive speakers.
- 2. Dialogue, outreach, and involvement should be continued with high risk negatives such a MSM, prostitutes, pregnant teens, etc.
- 3. Conduct prevention activities in high-risk communities (bars, prisons, housing communities and alternative schools).
- 4. Monthly meetings may have more value in retaining member instead of bi-monthly meetings.
- 5. Increase involvement and face to face meetings with ASO's and other CBO's in communities.
- 6. Make a calendar of screening events and other activities for Network members.
- 7. Local HIV Prevention Networks should develop a standardized flyer about their network.
- 8. Access more user friendly epi-profile fact sheets and/or documents.
- 9. Identify an innovative intervention or strategy to mobilize the Network region or designated communities on HIV prevention for identified targeted/high risk audiences.
- 10. Collaborate more with other Health, Education, Social Service and other institutional professionals (nurses, social workers, guidance counselors, etc.).