Get your child on the path to HEALTHY EATING.

Your child is a toddler now. Over the next year, he will change a lot. He eats more like a baby now. Soon he will eat more like you do. Some days your child will eat a lot. Other days he may not eat much at all. Toddlers act this way.

OFFER A VARIETY OF HEALTHY FOODS.

Let your child choose how much to eat. Remember this IMPORTANT RULE: You decide WHAT foods to offer, and WHEN and WHERE they will be offered. Let your child decide WHAT to eat from the foods offered, and HOW MUCH to eat.

INCLUDE YOUR CHILD IN FAMILY MEALS.
Put your child in a highchair at the table. Focus on the meal and each other. Turn off the TV and cell phone! Your child learns by watching you. Children are likely to copy your table manners, your food likes and dislikes, and your willingness to try new foods.

SERVE YOUR CHILD AT THE TABLE. Don't let Offer a meal or snack every 2 or 3 hours – try to have them around the same time each day. Don't give in when your child wants food in between these times.

There will be another planned meal or snack soon.

LET CHILDREN FEED THEMSELVES. It may be a little messy, but it's how children learn. It's okay if they use their fingers. Let them practice with a spoon too.

SERVE YOUR CHILD MILK IN A CUP NOT A

BOTTLE. Drinking from a cup helps protect your child's nice new teeth. Two cups of milk a day are enough. When young children fill up on too much milk, they may not get the iron and other nutrients they



need. Offer only water to drink in a cup between meals and snacks.

- Your child can try these foods now: cow's milk, whole eggs, and honey.
- Cut your child's food into tiny pieces so he won't choke. Cut grapes in quarters. Cut hot dogs the long way.
- Sit with your child at the table and watch him while he eats. He can't make noise if he chokes.

DON'T GIVE FOODS YOUR CHILD CAN CHOKE ON SUCH AS:

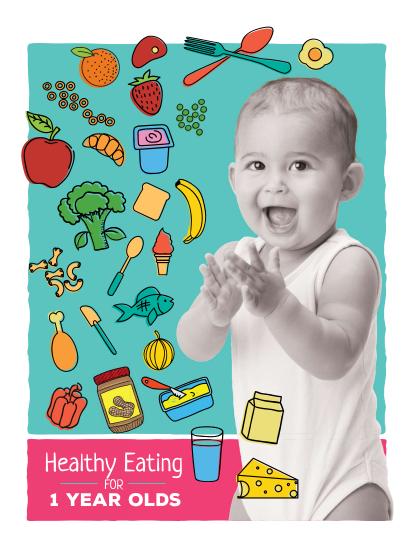
- + Raw hard vegetables
- Nuts
- Hard candy
- Whole grapes
- Hard round foods
- Dried fruit unless soft cooked
- Spoonfuls of peanut butter (Spread thinly on a cracker or bread instead.) Whole hot dogs
- Chunks of meat
- + Chips, popcorn

AVOID DRUGS, ALCOHOL, AND TOBACCO.

- Don't smoke around your child. Children of smokers have more coughs, colds, and ear infections.
- Don't use alcohol or drugs—they can harm you and
- your child and affect everyone in the family.

 When breastleeding, it's best to avoid cigarettes, alcohal, and drugs. Check with your doctor or clinic before taking any medicine.







Children can only eat a small amount at one time, so offer your child 3 meals and 2-3 snacks from the 5 food groups every day. Use this Food Plan as a general guide. Your child may need less or more. Children need more during growth spurts.



FRUIT 1/4 cup mashed or chopped fruit

1-2 medium strawberries



VEGETABLES



servings GRAINS



2 tablespoons lean meat,





BREAKFAST

½ scrambled egg ½ slice whole wheat toast Breast milk or $\frac{1}{2}$ cup whole milk

MORNING SNACK

1/2 cup WIC dry cereal ½ small chopped banana A few ounces of water from a cup

LUNCH

2 tablespoons mashed pinto beans ¼ cup brown rice

1/4 cup cooked, chopped carrots 1/4 cup chopped green beans Breast milk or ½ cup whole milk

AFTERNOON SNACK

2 crackers 1 slice cheese 1/4 cup WIC juice

DINNER

2 tablespoons chopped chicken 1/2 cup mashed sweet potatoes 1/2 slice whole wheat bread

¼ cup applesauce Breast milk or ½ cup whole milk

EVENING SNACK

1 araham cracker sauare ½ tablespoon peanut butter A few ounces of water from a cup

Let's cook



1 egg 1 tablespoon milk

½ teaspoon cinnamon (optional) ½ teaspoon vanilla (optional)

1 slice whole grain bread Vegetable cooking spray

1 tablespoon pancake syrup or jam

1. Preheat frying pan on medium-low heat.

2. Combine egg, milk, cinnamon and vanilla in a bowl. Mix well with fork.

3. Dip bread into egg/milk mixture. Make sure all

4. Spray pan with cooking spray.

S. Place bread in heated pan. Brown lightly on both sides. Cut into strips. Cut into bitesized pieces for younger children. Serve with syrup or jam on the side for dipping.

Makes 2 servings.



Fats & Oils

It's okay to use a **little** fat or oil in cooking and at the table. To protect your child from heart disease, use fats that come from plant sources (soft tub margarine, vegetable oils, mayonnaise, salad dressing) instead of fats that come from animal sources (fat back, salt pork, lard, bacon, bacon grease, butter).



It's okay to use a little bit of sugar and a dessert a day. Don't let sweets take the place of foods your child needs from the 5 food groups. Make most desserts from the 5 food groups, such as fruit cobbler, pudding, cered bar treats, and jello with fruit.



They contain enough mercury to hurt a young child's nervous system. They can eat up to 2 servings of a variety of other fish and shellfish a week. Limit Albacore (white) tuna to 1 of the 2 allowed servings. Pay attention to local advisories about the safety of fish caught in local lakes, rivers, and coastal areas.

ADPH.ORG/WIC MORE ON BACK >