Best Babies Zone:

A Place-Based Approach to Transforming Communities and Improving Birth Outcomes Across the Life Course

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Place Matters

Infant Mortality Matters

Life Course Matters

Where You Live Affects Your Health **Communities of Opportunity Disinvested Communities** Poor Health • Limited/Unsafe Parks Parks Safe/Walkable Streets Staţus Crime Fast Food Restaurants Grocery Stores **Liquor Stores** Good Schools Poor Performing Schools Pollution and Toxic Expos Public Transportation Limited Public Transportation Good Jobs Absence of High Quality Financial Institutions **Good Health** Strong Local Businesses Status Financial Institutions Predatory Lenders



ZONE

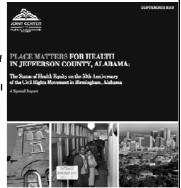
PLACE AS A SOLUTION



In Jefferson County, life expectancy can vary by as much as 20 years on average across census tracts.

In 2011, more than 13% of households in Jefferson County had annual incomes below the federal poverty level.

In 2010, the infant mortality rate in Jefferson County was 2.5 times higher for black mothers than white mothers at 16.1 per 1,000 live births vs. 6.4 per 1,000 live births, respectively.



Rank	Country	IMR	Rank	Country	IMR
l	Monaco	1.8	34	Australia	4.55
2	Japan	2.21	35	United Kingdom	4.56
3	Bermuda	2.47	36	Portugal	4.6
4	Singapore	2.65			
5	Sweden	2.74	40	Cuba	4.83
6	Hong Kong	2.9	41	Canada	4.85
7	Macau	3.17	42	French Polynesia	4.88
8	Iceland	3.18	43	Greece	4.92
9	Italy	3.36	44	Taiwan	5.1
10	Spain	3.37	45	Hungary	5.24
11	France	3.37	46	New Caledonia	5.62
			47	North Mariana Islands	5.69
23	Switzerland	4.03	48	Faroe Islands	5.94
24	Israel	4.07	49	United States	5.98
25	South Korea	4.08	50	Croatia	6.06

On an Average Day in the United States...

- 11,686 babies are born
- 1,487 babies are born preterm

(less than 37 weeks gestation completed)

964 babies are born low birth weight

(less than 2,500 grams, or 5.5 pounds)

• 329 babies are born with a birth defect*

* Based on Centers for Disease Control and Prevention estimate of at least 120,000 babies born

annually with major structural birth defects.

Note: Numbers are approximations

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Source: National Center for Health Statistics, 2006 final natality data and 2005 period linked birth/infal

On an Average Day in the United States...

• 237 babies are born very preterm

(less than 32 weeks gestation completed)

• 173 babies are born very low birth weight

(less than 1,500 grams, or 3.33 pounds)

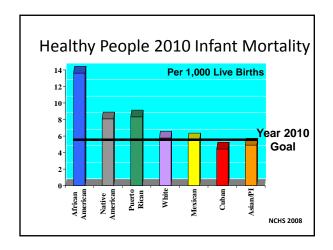
 78 babies die before reaching their first birthday

* Based on Centers for Disease Control and Prevention estimate of at least 120,000 babies born

nnually with major structural birth defect lote: Numbers are approximations.

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Source: National Center for Health Statistics, 2006 final natality data and 2005 period linked birth/infant



INFANT MORTALITY IS COMPLEX

It is not one thing.

There is no one solution.

No one person, group or sector can fix it.

Hard to change quickly.

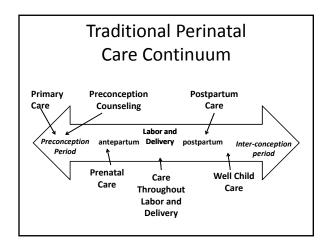




Policy Initiatives

- Secretary's Advisory Committee on Infant Mortality
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
- National Initiative on Preconception Health and Health Care
- Centers for Disease Control
- Regional Collaborative and Innovative Networks (COIINs)
- Health Resources and Services Administration, Maternal and Child Health Bureau

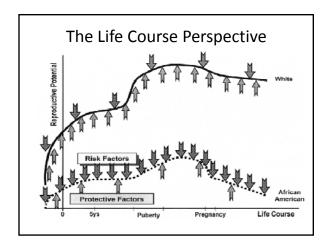




Life Course Perspective

The Life Course Perspective is a way of looking at life, not as disconnected stages, but as an integrated continuum.

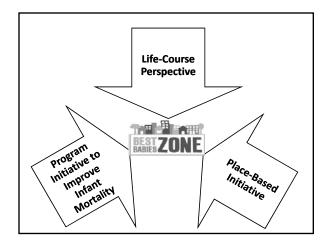
Life Course is a perspective that seeks to understand, explain, and improve health and disease patterns across population groups.



The Life Course Perspective

Two Key Questions To Consider

- Why do health disparities exist and persist across population groups?
- What are the factors (protective and risk factors) that influence the capacity of individuals or populations to reach their full potential for health and well-being?



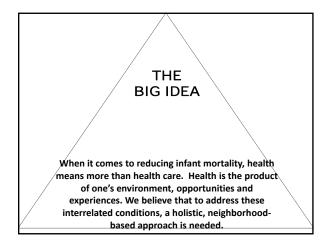
BBZ Vision and Mission:

All babies are born healthy, into communities that enable them to thrive and reach their full potential. To give every baby born in a

Best Babies Zone the best chance in life.

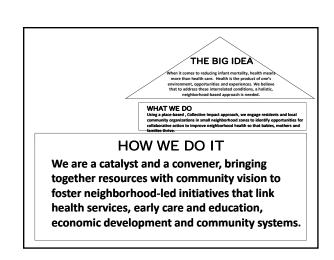


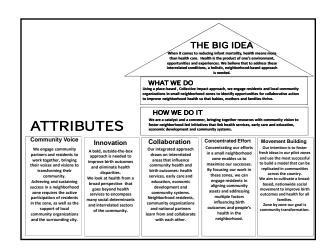


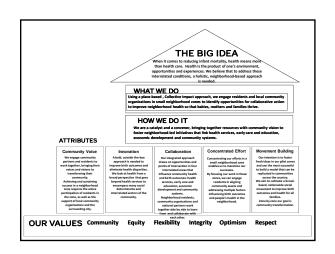




Using a place-based, Collective Impact approach, we engage residents and local community organizations in small neighborhood zones to identify opportunities for collaborative action to improve neighborhood health so that babies, mothers and families thrive.







What Are Our Strategies?

 Identify a defined geographic region where change is greatly needed and resources are aligned to produce and measure impact.



What Are Our Strategies? 2. Establish a broad collaborative to work across four key sectors – health, economics, education and community. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT EARLY CHILDHOOD HEALTH SERVICES

What Are Our Strategies?



3. Cultivate a public health social movement within each city to rally community action aimed at improving the social determinants of health, birth outcomes, and ultimately the quality of life overall in the zone



Cincinnati, Ohio

Lower and East Price Hill Neighborhoods

Within the border, there are several Federally Qualified Health Centers, parks and other outdoor spaces, and strong community

partners



East Price Hill



Lower Price Hill

Price Hill Demographics

- Population1: 16,557
- Mean annual births² 2009-2011: 355
- Racial Mix1:
 - 51% Non-Hispanic White
 - 37% Non-Hispanic Black
 - 7% Hispanic
- Poverty rate¹
 - All ages: 40.4%
 - Children: 55.7%

¹Source: US Census Bureau, 2010 Census of Population ²Ohio Department of Health, Office of Vital Statistics



Cincinnati Lower and East Price Hill

38% of Lower Price Hill residents

are experiencing unemployment
60% of Price Hill adolescents
graduate from high school
42% of women in Lower and East Price
Hill report entering prenatal care in the first

trimester



BBZ Community Partners who bring the BBZ work together

- Transforming Early Childhood Community Systems (TECCS)
- Santa Maria Community
 Services
- Every Child Succeeds (ECS)

Monthly "Moms groups" Established To Promote Community Engagement



New Orleans, Louisiana Hollygrove Neighborhood

Hollygrove has a well-established community development corporation, Healthy Start services, strong, cooperative community police force.



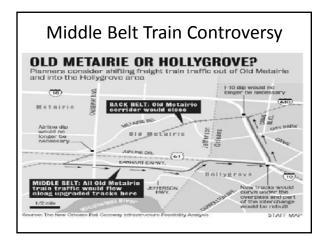
Hollygrove BBZ Community Snapshot

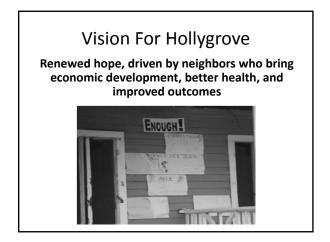
	Orleans Parish, LA	Best Baby Zone
Total population	369,250	4,597
People living in Poverty	28.7%	30.1%
Median household income	\$34,361	\$25,732
Unemployed	12.3%	20.9%
No diploma	15.3%	21.6%
dumber of women 15 to 50 years d who had a birth in the past 12 months	4,363	170
Low Birth Weight (<2500g)	13.0%	20.2%
African American	59.8%	93.4%

New Orleans Hollygrove Neighborhood



1 in 5 infants are born low birth weight 49% of children are living in poverty Many external community rebuilding projects after Hurricane Katrina have not met the needs of the community





Oakland, California Castlemont Neighborhood



Castlemont has a strong presence of community service organizations, including:

- Youth Uprising
- Brighter Beginnings
- First 5 Alameda County



Oakland Castlemont Neighborhood



Leading cause of death for East Oakland residents ages 14-24: homicide

Almost 15% of all infants born in Castlemont are born pre-term

On a state-wide standardized exam, 80.2% of students from this neighborhood scored below proficient in English Language Arts and 96.4% in Math

BBZ Castlemont Approach Short-term Small Wins Innovative Approaches Relationships Growing Momentum Community Ownership and Leadership Systems are Listening and Responsive to Community Shared Measurement and Clear Roles

Castlemont Focus Areas

- Early Childhood Supports
- . Building a Local Economy
- Resident Engagement
- Partner Engagement
- Foundational Work

Resident Engagement

- Summer Block Party
- Economic development chats and input sessions
- Castlemont Community Market: entrepreneur + shopper outreach
- Castlemont Community Cafes
- East Oakland Innovators
- Mini-grant Advisory Committee





Some Overall Challenges

- Too much momentum: coordinating work is difficult
- Convener role unclear
- · Creating a collaborative vision
 - Asking agencies that typically compete to work together to create the correct bundle of care
- Internal alignment
- · This work takes time

A Few More Challenges

Aiming for cohesive messaging – multiple projects are providing resources to the neighborhood

Promoting all of the projects as an aligned system without taking credit or overburdening the community

Aligning forces around the community to work together

What Does Success Look Like?

Residents throughout the zones organize and rally neighbors for community events, awareness campaigns, and action steps

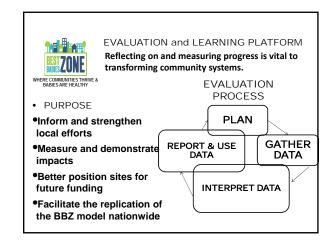
Seamless transitions of care between health center, home visiting, moms groups, and other community services such as financial opportunity center

Community organizations working together in concerted, coordinated effort

What Does Success Look Like?

- Lots of momentum engaged partners, county leaders, and residents
- Use design thinking as a promising method of resident engagement and small win strategy development to address social determinants of health
- · Laying the groundwork for year three!









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