Suicide in Alabama

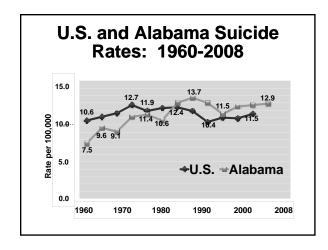
Satellite Conference and Live Webcast Thursday, September 2, 2010 10:00 – 11:30 am Central Time

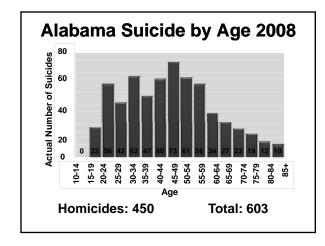
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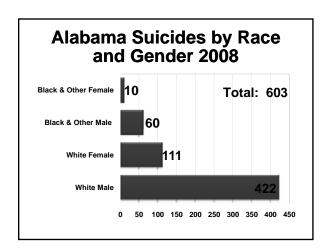
Faculty

Debra Hodges, PhD Research Unit Director Injury Prevention Branch Alabama Department of Public Health









Comparison of Methods of Suicide U.S. 2007 Total: 34,598 B Firearms - 17,352 Suffocation - 8,161 Poisoning - 6,358 All Others - 2,727 Alabama 2008 Total: 603 70% 15% Firearms - 425 Suffocation - 90 Poisoning - 6 All Others - 28

Risk Factors for Suicide

- Age
 - -Immaturity
 - -Lack of impulse control
 - -Elderly, isolated
 - Chronically ill

Risk Factors for Suicide

- Sex
 - Males
 - Risk-taking behaviors
 - Career obsessions
 - Less help-seeking behaviors
 - -Females
 - Rumination
 - Dramatic behavior

Risk Factors for Suicide

- Mental illness
 - -Including depression
- Substance abuse
- · Access to lethal means
 - -Firearms
 - Medications
 - -Vehicles

Risk Factors for Suicide

- · Family history
 - -Interpersonal violence
 - -High, chronic interpersonal conflict
 - Suicide by a family member or close friend
- Marital status
 - Divorced or recently widowed

Risk Factors for Suicide

- Joblessness
- Geography
- · Social isolation
- Situational factors
 - -Hopelessness
 - Helplessness

Protective Factors

- Spirituality
- · Strong social support
- Good family relationship and friendships
- · Having others depend on you
 - Children, pets

Protective Factors

- · Availability of healthcare
- Availability of mental healthcare
- Talking about suicidal thoughts or feelings is the most important protective factor against an actual suicidal gesture or attempt

High Risk Groups

- Males
 - -7th leading cause of death
 - -4 times more likely to die
- Youth
 - -3rd leading cause of death
- Elderly

High Risk Groups

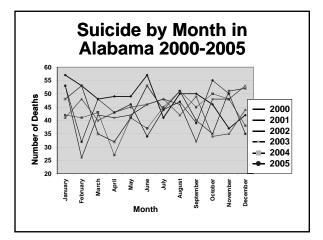
- Racial Rates
 - -#1 White males
 - -#2 American Indian/Native Alaskan

Myths About Suicide

- People who talk about suicide won't really try to kill themselves
- If someone is determined to kill him/herself, there is nothing you can do to stop them
- People who attempt suicide are just looking for attention

Myths About Suicide

- Talking about suicide to someone who is depressed may cause them to kill him/herself
- Most suicides happen during the holidays



Signs to Look For

- Depression
- Social isolation
- · Alcohol or drug abuse
- · Giving away prized possessions
- Skipping classes or events
- Sleeping too much or too little

Signs to Look For

- Expressions like, "I'd be better off dead."
- Feeling hopeless, helpless, or worthless
- · Talk about feeling worthless
 - Vicious self-accusations

Signs to Look For

- Absence of futuristic talk
 - Talk of settling affairs
 - -Talk of a long trip
- · Changes in eating behaviors

Signs to Look For

- Drastic changes in behavior
 - Impulsive and aggressive behavior with frequent expressions of rage
- Withdraws from friends and/or social activities
- Has attempted suicide before <u>or</u> has had a family member or close friend commit suicide

Signs to Look For

- Loses interest in their personal appearance
- Has had recent life changes
 - -Divorce of parents
 - Death of friend or family member
 - -Relationship loss

Signs to Look For

- Indifference to effects of one's death on others
- Sudden burst of energy after being very depressed

How Do You Help Someone

- ASK the question, "Are you thinking about killing yourself?"
- Do not tell them everything is going to be okay
- · Really listen to their problems
- Suggest alternative ways to deal with their problems

How Do You Help Someone

- <u>Stay</u> with them until they are in a safe place
- Get their agreement to talk with someone who can get professional help for them

How Do You Help Someone

- · Take away any lethal means
 - -Drugs
 - -Alcohol
 - -Car keys
 - -Guns

The Choking Game

What is the choking game?

- Players cut off the flow of blood to the brain in exchange for a few seconds of feeling lightheaded
- Some strangle themselves with a belt, a rope, or their bare hands
 - Others push on their chest or hyperventilate

The Choking Game

- When they release the pressure, blood that was blocked up floods the brain all at once
- This sets off a warm and fuzzy feeling, which is just the brain dying, thousands of cells at a time

Signs of the Choking Game

- Marks on the neck or wearing turtlenecks or scarves constantly
- · Changes in personality
 - Aggression or agitation
- Rope or belt tied to doorknob or bedroom furniture

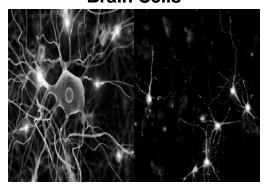
Signs of the Choking Game

- Severe headaches
- Bloodshot eyes
- Thud sounding from the bedroom, indicating a fall

What Can I Do

- Ask if the person is playing the choking game and explain the danger
- Find out if others are playing the game
- Notify a trusted authority
 - -Teacher, coach, pastor

Brain Cells



Alabama Suicide Prevention Resources

- ASPARC: Alabama Suicide
 Prevention and Resource Coalition
- www.adph.org/suicideprevention
 - Source for state suicide rates and resources

Alabama Suicide Prevention Resources

- Toll Free Hotline Numbers
 - -1- 800-SUICIDE
 - -1-800-273-TALK
- www.gaspinfo.com