ABCCEDP ELIGIBILITY GUIDELINES—EFFECTIVE JANUARY 15, 2024

ABCCEDP Eligibility Criteria
❖ Be a resident of Alabama (have an Alabama address)
❖ Women with a household income at or below 250% of the Federal Poverty Level
❖ Women who have no insurance
❖ Women who meet the age and other eligibility requirements as described below

Breast Cancer Screening
❖ Women age 50-64: every year
  CBE and Screening Mammogram
❖ Women age 40-49: every other year
  CBE and Screening Mammogram
❖ Women age 40-64 (High-Risk): every year
  Women in this category may be eligible for a CBE, Screening Mammogram, Diagnostic Mammogram, Ultrasound, MRI, Biopsy, or other Diagnostics. If MRI is indicated complete MRI prior-approval form which outlines MRI eligibility criteria.
  • Breast Mass
  • Bloody nipple discharge expressed by Provider during CBE
  • Dimpling noted by Provider during CBE
  • Personal history of breast cancer (Must have documentation of breast cancer)
  • Genetic Mutation such as BRCA 1 or 2 (Must have documentation of genetic mutation)
  • 1st degree relative with breast cancer (mother, sister, father)
  • Greater than 20% lifetime risk of breast cancer based on risk assessment models largely dependent of family history
  • History of radiation treatment to the chest area before age of 30 (typically for Hodgkin’s Lymphoma)
❖ Women age 65 or older with no insurance or Medicare Part A only: every year
  CBE and Screening Mammogram

Cervical Cancer Screening
Screening Guidelines:
❖ Women (Average Risk) age 40-64 (for those NOT eligible for Family Planning)*
  Ages 40-64: Co-test every 5 years, Pap smear every 3 years
❖ Women (Average Risk) age 21-39 (who have had tubal ligation or partial hysterectomy with cervix remaining)
  • Ages 21-39: Pap test only every 3 years
  • Ages 30-39: Co-test every 5 years or Pap test every 3 years
❖ Women (High Risk) any age with a past personal history (biopsy) of CIN II, CIN III, or invasive cervical cancer
  Follow ASCCP recommended guidance for surveillance after treatment and follow-up, thereafter for at least 20 years post treatment (for those NOT eligible for Family Planning)*
❖ Women (High Risk) ages 21-64 (for those NOT eligible for Family Planning)* with one of the following:
  • Diethylstilbestrol (DES) exposure in utero
  • Immuno-compromised due to health condition
  • Organ transplantation
  • Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
    • Ages 21-29: Annual Pap test (for those NOT eligible for Family Planning)*
    • Ages 30-64: Co-test every 3 years or annual Pap test (for those NOT eligible for Family Planning)*
❖ Women age 65 or older with no insurance or Medicare Part A only if meets ASCCP guidelines for screening

Diagnostic Follow-Up Guidelines:
❖ Women (High Risk) age 21-39 who need diagnostic follow-up for abnormal cervical cancer screening results
  Follow ASCCP guidelines regarding appropriate cervical cancer diagnostics and follow-up

*Women of any age who have had a bilateral tubal ligation or partial hysterectomy are not eligible for Family Planning.