



NEWS RELEASE

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

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Rabid fox in Baldwin County prompts reminders to immunize pets

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

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Wild animals don't usually seek out contact with humans, but animals infected with rabies can behave strangely which can pose risks to humans and domestic animals. A rabid fox in the Fairhope area in Baldwin County has prompted public officials to issue precautions on how people can protect themselves from wild animals and rabies.

"We strongly caution people not to approach stray animals, wildlife or bats," said Dr. Dee W. Jones, State Public Health Veterinarian. "To protect yourself, your family and your pets from exposure to the rabies virus, you should follow these precautions."

- Avoid domestic animals that are acting in a strange or unusual manner.
- Instruct children to avoid approaching any non-domesticated animal regardless of its behavior.
- Advise children to tell an adult if they are bitten or scratched by an animal.

Rabies is a disease of all mammals, including man, and is always considered to be fatal unless preventative treatment is given following the exposure which is usually a bite or a scratch. If you get an animal bite or scratch, flush the wound thoroughly with either water or a dilute povidone-iodine solution. This solution, available in drug stores, decreases the risk of bacterial infection.

Immediately seek medical attention from your doctor or a hospital and report the incident to the local county health department so that appropriate quarantine or testing takes place. Transmission of the deadly virus also can occur if saliva contacts mucous membranes of the eye or mouth. A physician should always be consulted to determine if an exposure has occurred and preventative treatment is needed.

Baldwin County Public Health officials recommend that the recent rabid fox should further encourage pet owners to be sure their dogs, cats and ferrets are vaccinated against the fatal disease. Pets can have an unknown contact with a wild animal then potentially expose humans to rabies following an incubation period. Vaccination is very effective in reducing the risk for a pet to become infected with the virus in the event of an exposure to another animal shedding

the virus. State law requires that dogs, cats and ferrets remain currently vaccinated against rabies.

For additional information please contact the Alabama Department of Public Health, Bureau of Communicable Disease, Division of Epidemiology, at 1-800-338-8734 or Charlotte Plumb at the Baldwin County Health Department, (251) 972-6834.

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