

Percent Diabetes Diagnosis Among Medicaid Recipients (2013)

State Comparison	
State Comparison	Percent
Alabama	6.9
United States	N.A.
Historic Trend	
Historic Trend	N.A.
Public Health Area	
1	9.0
2	7.2
3	7.7
4	5.0
5	5.9
6	8.0
7	10.9
8	6.4
9	7.3
10	8.1
11	4.9
Rurality	
Rural counties	8.4
Urban counties	5.8
Age	
Age	N.A.
Gender	
Gender	N.A.
Race	
Race	N.A.
Ethnicity	
Ethnicity	N.A.
Income	
Income	N.A.
Education	
Education	N.A.

Percent Diabetes Diagnosis Among Medicaid Recipients³⁹

- Alabama’s Medicaid population is disproportionately composed of poor women, children, elderly, and disabled people. In 2013, 6.9 percent of this population had been diagnosed with diabetes.
- Rural counties are more likely to have diabetics with Medicaid coverage.
- PHA 7 has an especially high percent of diabetics in its Medicaid population.
- The four counties with the highest percentages of diabetic Medicaid population were Marengo, Wilcox, Choctaw, and Conecuh.
- The poor population has difficulty providing for their condition and would be one of the groups most benefiting from an expansion of Medicaid Insurance coverage.
- Alabama’s percent diagnosis among Medicaid recipients:
 - Is geographically concentrated in poorer, rural areas with limited access to diabetic services.
 - May have many potential recipients not being served.

