Influenza in People and Pigs

- In U.S., influenza (flu) H3N2v virus in pigs has spread to humans in and around fairs.

- People who are at higher risk of severe flu should avoid exposure to pigs, including
  - Children < 5 years
  - People ≥ 65 years and older
  - Pregnant women
  - People with health conditions, like asthma, diabetes, heart disease, weakened immune systems, and neurological conditions

- Wash hands with soap and running water before and after exposure to pigs. Use alcohol-based hand rub if no soap and water is available.

- If you have flu-like symptoms, do not go into the pig area. Humans can give the pigs flu.

- If you get flu-like symptoms after the fair, please see your doctor.